

Center for Vaccine Ethics & Policy (CVEP) Vaccines and Global Health: The Week in Review 06 December 2025 :: Issue 825

This weekly digest targets news, events, announcements, articles and research in the vaccine and global health ethics and policy space and is aggregated from key governmental, NGO, international organization and industry sources, key peer-reviewed journals, and other media channels. This summary proceeds from the broad base of themes and issues monitored by the Center for Vaccine Ethics & Policy in its work: it is not intended to be exhaustive in its coverage.

Vaccines and Global Health: The Week in Review is published as a PDF and scheduled for release each Saturday [U.S.] at midnight [0000 GMT-5]. The PDF is posted at https://centerforvaccineethicsandpolicy.net. This blog allows full text searching of over 27,000 entries.

Comments and suggestions should be directed to

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Request email delivery of the pdf: If you would like to receive the PDF of each edition via email [Constant Contact], please send your request to <u>david.r.curry@centerforvaccineethicsandpolicy.org</u>.

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Milestones, Perspectives

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Editor's Note:

We have been organizing our coverage of US government actions involving vaccines, immunization and global health under a consolidated section below – <u>U.S. Immunization and Public Health Governance/Policy/ Funding</u>. But we assessed that CDC's ACIP meeting this week – the content presented, the recommendations adopted, and the extraordinary response by the medical, scientific and policy communities – should lead this edition.

We have monitored ACIP meetings for more than 20 years, so we are "cautious but clear-eyed" in assessing that that we have reached a milestone. The ACIP is no longer functioning in its chartered independent, evidence-based, expert advisory role. It is a tragic, unnecessary, and quite probably irreversible milestone.

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Presidential Memorandum, ACIP Meeting Reports, Documentation

<u>Aligning United States Core Childhood Vaccine Recommendations with Best Practices from Peer, Developed Countries</u>

U.S. Presidential Memoranda, December 5, 2025

In January 2025, the United States recommended vaccinating all children for 18 diseases, including COVID-19, making our country a high outlier in the number of vaccinations recommended for all children. Peer, developed countries recommend fewer childhood vaccinations — Denmark recommends vaccinations for just 10 diseases with serious morbidity or mortality risks; Japan recommends vaccinations for 14 diseases; and Germany recommends vaccinations for 15 diseases. Other current United States childhood vaccine recommendations also depart from policies in the majority of developed countries. **Study is warranted to ensure that Americans are receiving the best, scientifically-supported medical advice in the world.**

I hereby direct the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention to review best practices from peer, developed countries for core childhood vaccination recommendations — vaccines recommended for all children — and the scientific evidence that informs those best practices, and, if they determine that those best practices are superior to current domestic recommendations, update the United States core childhood vaccine schedule to align with such scientific evidence and best practices from peer, developed countries while preserving access to vaccines currently available to Americans.

This memorandum is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES; THE DIRECTOR OF THE CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION

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ACIP - Meeting of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices

December 4-5, 2025

- Final ACIP December 4-5, 2025 Meeting Agenda (posted 12-04-2025, 7pm)
- Anticipated Votes
- ACIP Meeting Materials: December 04-05, 2025
- YouTube Live Stream Link 12-04-2025
- YouTube Live Stream Link 12-05-2025
- Written Public Comments

ACIP Recommends Individual-Based Decision-Making for Hepatitis B Vaccine for Infants Born to Women Who Test Negative for the Virus

HHS, CDC Media Release

ATLANTA — December 5, 2025 — The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) today voted 8 to 3 to recommend individual-based decision-making for parents deciding whether to give the hepatitis B vaccine, including the birth dose, to infants born to women who test negative for the virus. For those infants not receiving the birth dose, ACIP suggested in its recommendation that the initial dose be administered no earlier than two months of age.

Individual-based decision-making, known on the CDC immunization schedules as shared clinical decision-making, means that parents and health care providers should consider vaccine benefits, vaccine risks, and infection risks, and that parents consult with their health care provider and decide when or if their child will begin the hepatitis B vaccine series. The committee said parents and health care providers should consider whether there are infection risks such as a household member who has hepatitis B or frequent contact with persons who have emigrated from areas where hepatitis B is common.

ACIP also voted to recommend that when evaluating the need for a subsequent hepatitis B vaccine dose in children, parents should consult with health care providers to decide whether to test antibody levels to hepatitis surface antigen to evaluate adequacy of protection through serology results.

These recommendations on hepatitis B immunization maintain consistency of coverage for all payment mechanisms, including entitlement programs such as the Vaccines for Children Program, Children's Health Insurance Program, Medicaid, and Medicare, as well as insurance plans through the federal Health Insurance Marketplace. ACIP on September 19, 2025, voted to recommend that all pregnant women be tested for the hepatitis B virus, a test that is covered across all insurance programs.

<u>Today's votes</u> were preceded <u>yesterday</u> by presentations to ACIP on the hepatitis B disease burden, vaccine safety, and comparative nation immunization policies as well as briefings from representatives of the vaccine manufacturers.

A <u>presentation [PDF, 1.41 MB]</u> from Cynthia Nevison, Ph.D., on the decline of the hepatitis B disease burden since 1985 concluded that the universal birth dose contribution to acute case decline is likely small. It identified sharp declines in post-transfusion hepatitis B transmission due to advanced blood screening, improved dialysis practices, and needle exchange programs. It also acknowledged a 2019 study that found 57.9% of estimated births to women who test positive for the hepatitis B surface antigen were attributable to non–US-born women, mainly from high-endemicity countries. The study reported that 0.5% of pregnancies in the U.S. are to women who test positive for the hepatitis B surface antigen, which is the most significant risk to newborns for being infected with the virus.

ACIP Childhood/Adolescent Schedule Workgroup Chair Vicky Pebsworth, Ph.D., RN, <u>presented [PDF, 487 KB]</u> the policy context and historical and international comparison of the immunization schedule for hepatitis B. The United States' universal recommendation of the hepatitis B vaccine birth dose is an outlier among developed countries with low hepatitis B prevalence.

"The American people have benefited from the committee's well-informed, rigorous discussion about the appropriateness of a vaccination in the first few hours of life," said Deputy Secretary of Health and Human Services and CDC Acting Director Jim O'Neill.

A recommendation from ACIP becomes part of the CDC immunization schedule once it is adopted by the CDC director.

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Responses to ACIP Presentations, Processes, Recommendations [at Dec 6, 2025]

<u>Statement from Leading Medical, Health and Patient Advocacy Groups on CDC Vaccine Meeting</u>

December 5, 2025

"We are deeply alarmed by the actions taken this week by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP). The apparent goal of this meeting was to sow doubt in vaccines rather than advance sound vaccine policy, and we will all pay a price for that.

"This is a significant departure from the historic role ACIP has played in shaping vaccine policy in the United States. Previously, we could expect science to drive decisions, experts to debate evidence, and consensus to lead to shared, clear recommendations. That is not the case with the current committee, and this change puts Americans' health at risk.

"For example, ACIP's decision to downgrade the longstanding recommendation to vaccinate all newborns against hepatitis B at birth will lead to more childhood hepatitis B infections, will lead to more chronic infections that will follow patients into adulthood, and will complicate vaccine access for children. No new data was presented during the ACIP meeting to justify this change.

"The evidence remains clear: the hepatitis B birth dose is safe and an essential component in helping children develop immunity against a serious, potentially lifelong disease. In fact, since the U.S. implemented the hepatitis B birth dose in 1991, annual hepatitis B infections among infants and children have dropped 99%, from 16,000 to less than 20. This progress is directly attributable to timely vaccination.

"ACIP's actions will harm children, their families and the medical professionals who care for them. That is why we are joining together to speak up. American families deserve information grounded in science and clear, consistent guidance – not speculation intended to scare them.

We urge the CDC leaders to reject ACIP's new recommendation and instead retain the current, evidence-based approach."

American Academy of Pediatrics Academic Pediatric Association Alliance for Aging Research American Association of Colleges of Nursing

American Association of Colleges of Pharmacy

American College of Emergency Physicians

American College of Nurse Midwives

American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists

American College of Physicians

American Families for Vaccines

American Medical Association

American Medical Group Association (AMGA)

American Pediatric Society

American Public Health Association

American Society for Clinical Laboratory Science (ASCLS)

American Society for Meningitis Prevention

America's Physician Groups

Association of American Medical Colleges (AAMC)

Association of State and Territorial Health Officials

Caregiver Action Network

Families Fighting Flu

Families USA

Georgetown University Center for Children and Families

Global Liver Institute

HealthHIV

Hepatitis B Foundation

Infectious Diseases Society for Obstetrics and Gynecology

Infectious Diseases Society of America

International Vaccine Access Center

March of Dimes

National Association of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners

National Foundation for Infectious Diseases

National Hispanic Health Foundation

North American Society for Pediatric and Adolescent Gynecology

Nurses Who Vaccinate

Partnership to Fight Infectious Disease

Pediatric Infectious Diseases Society

Public Health Foundation

Sepsis Alliance

Society for Adolescent Health and Medicine

Society for Maternal-Fetal Medicine

Society for Pediatric Research

Trusted Messenger Program

Vaccinate Your Family

Vaccine Integrity Project

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American Medical Association (AMA)

https://www.ama-assn.org/press-center

(Accessed 06 Dec 2025)

Press Center - Latest News

Dec 5, 2025

AMA statement on ACIP meeting

Statement attributable to: Sandra Adamson Fryhofer, MD, Trustee, American Medical Association

"The Advisory Committee on Immunization Practice's (ACIP) vote to weaken the birth-dose recommendation for the Hepatitis B vaccine is reckless and undermines decades of public confidence in a proven, lifesaving vaccine. Today's action is not based on scientific evidence, disregards data supporting the effectiveness of the Hepatitis B vaccine, and creates confusion for parents about how best to protect their newborns.

"Administering the birth dose is crucial for protecting children from both perinatal and early postnatal transmission of Hepatitis B virus—and preventing a lifelong condition that can lead to chronic liver disease, cirrhosis, liver cancer, and death.

"The AMA calls on ACIP to make good on the Administration's promise to use gold standard science. Families should be able to rely on the CDC for clear, evidence-based guidance when making important vaccination decisions for their children. We urge the CDC to reject this recommendation and uphold its commitment to science and public health. The consequences of failing to do so are too severe and the potential harm too great."

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American Public Health Association (APHA)

https://www.apha.org/news-and-media/newsreleases?sortFieldName=ItemDate&sortDisplayName=Newest&sortMode=desc (Accessed 06 Dec 2025)

ACIP decision to roll back universal Hepatitis B vaccine schedule recommendations will leave children vulnerable to unnecessary exposure and preventable illness

December 05, 2025

The Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices' decision to change the universal Hepatitis B vaccine guidance increases the risk of infection for babies. This recommendation will leave children vulnerable to unnecessary exposure and preventable illness. **ACIP members failed to provide scientific evidence to show the long-term health benefits of delaying vaccination**. As a committee tasked with giving guidance to practitioners on the front lines of improving the health of all communities, this decision creates confusion instead of the needed evidence-based roadmap for families to make informed decisions about their child's health. The current vaccination schedule is doing what it is supposed to, which is taking a preventative approach to minimize infection and exposure to a dangerous infectious disease. Hepatitis B is a virus that causes serious health issues and delaying prevention will leave children unprotected, see others fall through the cracks of our health system, and increase the risk of the disease and its side effects on people throughout their lifespan.

APHA Joins GW and Dozens of Public Health and Policy Experts Urging the CDC to Maintain Universal Newborn Hepatitis B Vaccination

December 02, 2025

A <u>public comment</u> filed by 73 public health deans and scholars, along with the American Public Health Association - representing more than 23,000 individual members and numerous organizational members, concludes that the evidence overwhelmingly supports maintaining the current schedule for immunizing children against the hepatitis B virus (HBV)...

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Infectious Diseases Society of America (IDSA)

https://www.idsociety.org/ (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) News releases and statements

ACIP: Statement on Changes to HBV Birth Dose Vaccine Recommendation

The American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases (AASLD) and its undersigned partner organizations – the American College of Gastroenterology (ACG), the American Gastroenterological Association (AGA), the American Society for Gastrointestinal Endoscopy (ASGE), the Infectious Diseases Society of America (IDSA), and the North American Society for Pediatric Gastroenterology, Hepatology & Nutrition (NASPGHAN) – are alarmed by the 8-3 vote by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) to abandon the recommendation to initiate universal hepatitis B vaccination immediately after birth. Relying on the hepatitis B status of the infant's mother to determine whether the birth dose is appropriate creates confusion and ambiguity for new parents, the community, and medical professionals when the evidence clearly supports the safety and effectiveness in providing lifetime protection of administering a universal birth dose after consultation between an infant's parents and their health care provider.

As the leading societies dedicated to prevention, treatment and cure of liver diseases, we continue to strongly recommend that the hepatitis B vaccine be administered at birth to all infants as part of the validated three dose schedule rather than delaying the first dose to two months for confirmed hepatitis B negative mothers and for the full vaccination series to be administered to all infants. We call on the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services to ensure that coverage for the birth dose without cost sharing remains in place and that states take steps to ensure access for all who choose the vaccine...

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National Foundation for Infectious Diseases (NFID)

https://www.nfid.org/news-updates/ (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) News and Updates

NFID Statement

The National Foundation for Infectious Diseases (NFID) joins leading scientific, medical, and patient advocacy organizations in expressing alarm at the actions taken by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) at its meeting on December 4-5, 2025, including the decision to downgrade the longstanding recommendation to vaccinate all newborns against hepatitis B at birth.

In oral and <u>written comments</u> submitted to ACIP, NFID strongly supported maintaining the current hepatitis B vaccination schedule, including the birth dose and broad adult vaccination.

NFID joined the <u>American Academy of Pediatrics</u> and more than 40 other leading organizations in noting, "The evidence remains clear: the hepatitis B birth dose is safe and an essential component in helping children develop immunity against a serious, potentially lifelong disease. In fact, since the US implemented the hepatitis B birth dose in 1991, annual hepatitis B infections among infants and children have dropped 99%, from 16,000 to less than 20. This progress is directly attributable to timely vaccination."...

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National Medical Association (NMA)

https://nmanet.org/blog/ (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) Latest News

NMA Statement on ACIP Vote to Roll Back Universal Hepatitis B

December 5, 2025

The National Medical Association is adamantly opposed to the changes approved this week by the CDC's Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) that remove the universal recommendation for hepatitis B vaccination at birth. These changes undermine decades of proven, evidence-based public health practice and place infants, especially Black newborns, who are disproportionately affected by hepatitis B, at unnecessary risk.

"The science on hepatitis B vaccination is clear, consistent and unchanged," said Dr. Roger A. Mitchell Jr., 126th president of the National Medical Association. "Rolling back universal newborn vaccination creates confusion, invites misinformation and will cause preventable disease. This decision is misaligned with evidence, medical consensus and the needs of the communities most impacted."

"This is one of the most successfully executed vaccination programs in U.S. public health history," said Dr. Dial Hewlett Jr., MD, FACP, FIDSA, Chair of the NMA Vaccine Task Force. "The data do not support changing course — particularly when Black infants already face higher risks of both exposure and barriers to prenatal screening."...

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Pediatric Infectious Diseases Society (PIDS)

https://pids.org/news-announcements/ (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) News & Announcements

Dec. 5, 2025

PIDS Statement on ACIP Meeting's Impact on Public Health

The Pediatric Infectious Diseases Society is deeply concerned by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices December meeting and its impact on public health in the United States.

The vote to change the recommendation on the birth dose of hepatitis B, absent new safety signals, data, or evidence, will increase the threat of avoidable acute and chronic liver disease. **This** irresponsible change, along with additional misleading presentations during the meeting, will have massive consequences for children and their long-term health.

The inclusion of presentations by individuals who have made a career out of anti-vaccine attacks, misrepresented research, and leadership that interrupts normal procedure have turned ACIP into a liability for the safety of children. Throughout the two-day meeting, committee members and presenters alike directed their comments to attending media in attempts to have anti-vaccine sentiment injected into coverage as reasonable discussion.

PIDS supports the American Academy of Pediatrics vaccine schedule. We will continue to advocate for strong science and discussion but will not support a biased group whose misleading of the public will result in children being harmed from vaccine preventable infections. We also call on the acting CDC director to reject the outcome of their actions.

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PhRMA [06 Dec 2025] http://www.phrma.org/ December 5, 2025

PhRMA Statement on December ACIP Meeting

WASHINGTON, D.C. (December 5, 2025) – Pharmaceutical Research and Manufacturers of America (PhRMA) Chief Medical Officer Dr. Michael Ybarra issued the following statement on this week's Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) meeting:

"Ensuring Americans have access to safe and effective FDA-approved vaccines is vital. **The ACIP** meeting this week introduced new confusion for health care professionals and the public – especially American parents.

"The United States childhood immunization schedule has been developed over decades, grounded in evidence-based research to inform the appropriate dosing and timing of vaccination. **Changes, such as those discussed this week, without a transparent, science-driven process will have significant negative impacts on the prevention of dangerous diseases in children.**

"ACIP's decision to stop recommending the universal birth dose for the hepatitis B vaccine was based on theory rather than sound evidence and puts the health of all Americans at risk. Hepatitis B is a serious liver infection, and infants infected at birth have a 90% chance of developing chronic infection, which can lead to cirrhosis, liver cancer, liver failure and death. Hepatitis B is up to 100 times more infectious than HIV and can be passed to infants by an infected mother, family member or caregiver during pregnancy or birth, through cuts or bites or even by sharing personal items with someone who is infected.

"This is why the vaccine at birth is so important – it protects newborns immediately, when they need it most and before they can be exposed.

"Vaccines matter for every American and they are one of the best ways to prevent disease before it starts. We urge the administration to support continued access to vaccines so every American can protect themselves and their families."

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BIO [06 Dec 2025]

https://www.bio.org/press-releases

Press Releases

BIO Statement on December 2025 ACIP Meeting

December 5, 2025

WASHINGTON, D.C. – Phyllis Arthur, Executive Vice President and Head of Health Policy and Programs of the <u>Biotechnology Innovation Organization (BIO)</u> released the following statement on the December 2025 ACIP meeting.

"For decades, the CDC's Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) has been a shining example of America's leadership in scientific excellence and evidence-based decision-making.

This year we've seen this once-transparent, apolitical process led by clinicians and infectious disease experts eroded meeting by meeting.

Adopting recommendations without rigorous analysis leaves American children and families vulnerable to deadly infectious diseases that have long been preventable because of vaccines. It sows confusion among patients and providers and undermines access.

Today's decision to change the recommendation for hepatitis B vaccination for newborns, despite 35 years of progress toward eliminating the disease in children, will result in increased rates of hepatitis B, causing liver disease and cancer.

BIO urges ACIP to reaffirm its long-standing, transparent, balanced, evidence-based processes that support timely vaccine access and safeguard the nation's ability to prevent deadly infectious diseases."

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Robert Wood Johnson Foundation [to 06 Dec 2025]

https://www.rwjf.org/en/about-rwjf/newsroom.html Latest News and Highlights

<u>Statement from Richard Besser, MD, on ACIP's Newborn Hepatitis B Vaccination</u> Recommendation

Statement Dec-05-2025

PRINCETON—The Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) today has reversed its recommendation that all newborns receive a Hepatitis B vaccination. Dr. Richard Besser, president and CEO of the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation, released the following statement in response:

I used to look forward to ACIP meetings. I would listen as our nation's leading health experts presented and debated the best approaches to preventing disease and promoting health. But this vote is an example of why I now dread these meetings. A committee of experts is now largely comprised of antivaccine champions.

The committee's decision to reverse its longstanding recommendation that all newborns receive a Hepatitis B vaccine would be utterly shocking, were it not consistent with the anti-vaccine crusade Secretary Kennedy promised the nation. It flies in the face of the best scientific evidence and endangers our children. As a pediatrician for more than 30 years, I saw firsthand how vaccinating all newborns virtually eradicated Hepatitis B among children. But ACIP is now putting our children at needless risk of a dangerous and potentially fatal disease.

This vote opens the door to a resurgence of Hepatitis B infections and is one more step in the administration's concerted efforts to dismantle the recommended childhood vaccination schedule. If the committee continues to move in that direction, the health consequences will be devastating. More babies and young children will suffer from severe preventable illness, and some will die. More parents will have the profound anxiety and distress that comes with having a very sick child. Families will face major healthcare costs.

Those of us who care about children's health cannot allow this to happen. Policymakers, physicians, and families must turn to reputable medical and public health groups for guidance, and health insurers should do the same for informing what vaccines they will cover.

The days of trusting ACIP and CDC for vaccine recommendations are gone.

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Vaccine Integrity Project – CIDRAP

https://www.cidrap.umn.edu/vaccine-integrity-project

<u>Universal Hepatitis B Vaccination at Birth - Safety, Effectiveness, and Public Health Impact</u> (Dec 2, 2025)

An independent evidence review of the safety, effectiveness and public health impact of universal hepatitis B vaccination at birth to compare current recommendations with a delayed first hepatitis vaccine dose at one month or more after birth.

Conclusion

The reduction of HBV infection among infants and children in the United States over the past 40 years resulted from a series of evidence-based recommendations. Each sequential modification was based on the systematic review of vaccine safety, efficacy, and effectiveness; HBV incidence; gaps in coverage; and quality improvement programs. Improved coverage of infants at birth, in combination with completion of the full hepatitis B vaccine series, resulted in protection of children and was foundational for interrupting HBV transmission to the next generation and the reduction of hepatitis B-related infection, chronic liver disease, cancer, and death in the entire US population.

In this review, we evaluated vaccine safety and the potential individual and population-level benefits of delaying the first hepatitis B vaccination compared with vaccination at birth. The hepatitis vaccine has consistently been shown to be a safe vaccine, regardless of timing of vaccination. This analysis found no differences in short-term or long-term adverse events related to the birth dose compared with a delayed first dose. No benefits of vaccine efficacy, effectiveness, or long-term protection were identified in delaying the first dose compared with

vaccination at birth.

We also evaluated the potential population-level risks of delaying the first dose among infants born to HBsAg-negative mothers compared with those vaccinated at birth. This review found no evidence of any health benefit with delaying the birth dose and identified only risks related to changing current US recommendations for universal hepatitis B vaccination for all medically stable newborns weighing 2,000 grams or more within the first 24 hours of birth.

Public Submission on ACIP Meeting, Dec 4-5, 2025 Comment from The Vaccine Integrity Project

Posted by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention on Nov 25, 2025

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Featured Journal Content

Economic evaluation of delaying the infant hepatitis B vaccination schedule

Eric W. Hall, Prabhu Gounder, Heather Bradley, Noele P. Nelson medRxiv 2025.11.24.25340907; PREPRINT doi: https://doi.org/10.1101/2025.11.24.25340907 Abstract

Introduction Children who acquire hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection in early childhood through perinatal, household or community exposures are at highest risk of all age groups for experiencing chronic infection and premature death. Universal administration of hepatitis B (HepB) vaccine for all infants <24 hours of birth and completing the childhood series remains the cornerstone for HBV elimination efforts in the United States. We evaluated the health and economic impact of delaying HepB vaccination among U.S. infants.

Methods We constructed a Markov model to simulate lifetime health outcomes and costs for the 3,628,934 infants born in the United States in 2024 for HBV infections acquired up to age 18 years. The model incorporated hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) and hepatitis B e antigen (HBeAg) prevalence among birthing parents, percentage of pregnant parents tested for HBsAg during pregnancy or at delivery, vertical/perinatal and household/community HBV infection risks among children, and resulting sequalae from chronic infection. Eight delayed vaccination scenarios were evaluated in which the first HepB dose was given at 2 months, 7 months, 4 years, or 12 years, applied either only to infants born to HBsAg-negative birth parent or to both HBsAg-negative and HBsAg-unknown birthing parents. Outcomes included acute and chronic HBV infections, cirrhosis, hepatocellular carcinoma, HBV-related deaths, quality-adjusted life-years (QALYs), life-years, and total healthcare costs from the healthcare system perspective. We modeled scenarios with perfect and imperfect adherence to the HepB vaccination schedule, and scenarios with or without additional HBV screening costs for those with delayed receipt of HepB vaccine.

Results All delayed vaccination scenarios resulted in more infections, worse health outcomes, and higher costs than the current universal birth dose recommendation. Under perfect adherence, delaying HepB vaccination by 2 months for infants of HBsAg-negative parents led to an additional 90 acute infections, 75 chronic infections, 29 HBV-related deaths, with \$16.4 million in added costs for infants born during one year. Delaying to 12 years resulted in an additional 190 acute infections, 50 deaths, and nearly \$30 million in added costs. Delaying HepB vaccination to 12 years for infants of both HBsAg-negative and HBsAg-unknown parents resulted in an additional 2,351 acute infections, 744 deaths, and \$368 million in excess costs. Imperfect adherence to the vaccination schedule amplified all negative outcomes substantially. Incorporating pre-vaccination serologic screening for delayed schedules markedly increased total costs.

Conclusions Even brief delays in HepB vaccine initiation substantially increase HBV infections, adverse health outcomes, and health system costs. Our results quantify and demonstrate the

importance of the universal HepB birth	dose in preventing pe	erinatal and early	childhood HBV
transmission in the United States.			

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Featured Journal Content

New England Journal of Medicine Volume

Volume 393 No. 20 November 20, 2025 https://www.nejm.org/toc/nejm/medical-journal Perspective

A Threat to Evidence-Based Vaccine Policy and Public Health Security at the FDA

Authors: Robert M. Califf, M.D., Andrew C. von Eschenbach, M.D., Michael A. Friedman, M.D., Brett P. Giroir, M.D., Scott Gottlieb, M.D., Margaret A. Hamburg, M.D., Jane E. Henney, M.D., David A. Kessler, M.D., Mark B. McClellan, M.D., Ph.D., Stephen M. Ostroff, M.D., Norman E. Sharpless, M.D., and Janet Woodcock, M.D. *Author Info & Affiliations*

Published December 3, 2025 DOI: 10.1056/NEJMp2517497

Abstract

Twelve former commissioners of the FDA express concern that the agency's recent moves will undermine a regulatory model designed to ensure vaccine safety, effectiveness, and availability.

Text [Editor's text bolding]

As former commissioners of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) — who collectively guided the agency's oversight for more than 35 years, through myriad public health crises — we are committed to medical product safety and identifying new medical evidence with the speed, rigor, and openness that the public should expect. We are deeply concerned by sweeping new FDA assertions about vaccine safety and proposals that would undermine a regulatory model designed to ensure that vaccines are safe, effective, and available when the public needs them most.

The existing regulatory model builds public trust by encouraging open information exchange and rigorous, transparent scientific debate. Yet a memo sent last week to FDA staff will upend core policies governing vaccine development and updates. These measures, and the unilateral way they are being imposed, undermine the public interest. They are the latest in a series of troubling changes at the FDA, including substantial departures of FDA staff, that could diminish both the FDA's strength and Americans' health and safety.

The memo (available at https://www.biocentury.com/article/657740) was written by Vinay Prasad, director of the FDA's Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research (CBER), who also serves as the agency's chief scientific officer, chief medical officer, and acting head of CBER's office of biostatistics, as well as overseeing the division responsible for vaccine review and approval. His memo characterizes the actions of FDA scientists who express concerns about agency processes or decisions to outside parties as "unethical" and "illegal." It calls for scientific debates to be kept within the agency "until they are ready to be made public," and instructs staff members who disagree with the new framework to "submit your resignation letters."

The proposed guidelines would dramatically change vaccine regulation on the basis of a reinterpretation of selective evidence and by a process that breaks sharply with the norms that have anchored the FDA's globally respected scientific integrity. If enacted, the framework would impede the ability to update vaccines to keep up with the natural evolution of respiratory viruses or changes in the prevalence of bacterial serotypes; it would also suppress

innovation and competition. The net effect would be to disadvantage the people the FDA exists to protect, including millions of Americans at high risk from serious infections.

The new framework rejects the agency's long-standing reliance on "immunobridging" studies for well-understood vaccines with extensive safety data. Using this approach, once a reliable correlation with effectiveness has been established, a vaccine's ability to stimulate the immune system to produce protective antibodies can serve as a surrogate for its efficacy in helping patients avoid infections and complications from rapidly evolving viruses such as SARS-CoV-2 and influenza. Because these viruses change frequently, repeating large-scale efficacy trials for every new seasonal strain is not feasible within the time needed to update the vaccines. Bridging studies have also been used to broaden vaccine protection to additional serotypes of bacteria. The FDA continually updates the correlate strains used for immunobridging studies to ensure that vaccines remain safe and effective as threats evolve. Immunobridging studies have also been used for some new products, including the human papillomavirus vaccine that could largely eliminate cervical cancer.

The proposed new directives are not small adjustments or coherent policy updates. They represent a major shift in the FDA's understanding of its job. The memo states that "no amount of cell or humoral mediated immune surrogates" can justify approval of new or updated vaccines — logic that Prasad claims is implied by the lack of a full biosimilar pathway for vaccines. These arguments misrepresent both the science and the regulatory record, especially in the case of vaccines that target well-understood pathogens through an established mechanism of action.

Abandoning the existing methods won't "elevate vaccine science," as the memo asserts. It will subject vaccines to a substantially higher and more subjective approval bar. The proposed measures will slow the replacement of older products with better ones and will create potentially prohibitive expenses for new market entrants, especially small biotechnology companies. It's true that vaccines can generate substantial profits and that their complexity thwarts true generic competition, as the memo observes. But the proposed policy response would reduce competition and raise prices by demanding premarketing randomized clinical trials "for most new products."1,3 Moreover, insisting on long, expensive outcomes studies for every updated formulation would delay the arrival of better-matched vaccines when new outbreaks emerge or when additional groups of patients could benefit. It is important to create a clear, science-driven, and well-reasoned pathway to approval; otherwise, innovators will have no reliable way to design their development programs. The people most affected by the FDA's proposed framework will include older Americans and those with weakened immune systems who rely most on the protection that timely and updated vaccines can offer.

The new approach would also evade public transparency, including long-standing statutory and regulatory mechanisms that enable disagreements about benefit—risk balance, clinical trial end points, trial design, and data analysis to be aired in public. Under the Administrative Procedure Act and the FDA's Good Guidance Practices, changes of this magnitude should be developed by guidance or regulation, with broad consultation within the agency, meaningful opportunity for public comment, and often public advisory-committee input. The FDA's Vaccines and Related Biological Products Advisory Committee (VRBPAC) exists precisely so that controversial scientific and policy questions receive independent expert review in public. Yet FDA Commissioner Martin Makary's leadership team has said they intend to forgo advisory committee meetings for many major decisions, since they view these committees, which were established by bipartisan agreement in Congress decades ago, as a needlessly costly and burdensome check on their decision making.4

The stated motivation for these sweeping changes is the deaths of 10 children, which the FDA leadership asserts were caused by Covid-19 vaccines. Any death that could be related to vaccination is tragic and warrants extensive investigation. Previously, all the cases reported to the

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and to the FDA had been carefully reviewed by FDA staff, who drew different conclusions. Adjudication of individual case reports is sensitive and subjective, and it relies on the rigor and goodwill of the people doing the evaluation. The memo offered no explanation of the process and analyses that were used to reach the new retrospective judgment, nor did it indicate why that assessment should justify wholesale rewriting of vaccine regulation. 1

The reanalysis relied on adverse event reports filed in the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS), a passive postapproval surveillance system that collects unverified reports, from any source, of events occurring after vaccination. VAERS reports, by themselves, cannot be used to determine whether a vaccine caused a particular event. The system's primary purpose is to flag potential safety signals that must then be evaluated in carefully designed investigations. VAERS data have well-recognized challenges, including reporting bias and a lack of control groups. The FDA therefore relies on many other data systems and methods as well, including medical record review, active surveillance programs, and independent peer review.

Yet accepting the review of VAERS reports as proof that "no fewer than 10" deaths were caused by Covid-19 vaccines, **Prasad concludes that the vaccines caused net harm in children** — and then seeks to justify sweeping changes in regulatory standards for Americans at much higher risk for complications from many other infectious diseases. All vaccines have risks and benefits, which are clarified by careful, transparent evaluation of evidence; FDA communications should present risks and benefits in a balanced manner. But the benefits and risks of many established vaccines are well understood, and imposing the new approval requirements without meaningful new evidence could make it impossible to keep up with evolving infectious threats.

The memo asserts, incorrectly, that "we do not have reliable data" on the benefits of Covid vaccination in children. Reasonable scientists should engage in open debate about how best to shape recommendations for children at lower risk for Covid-19, but substantial evidence shows that vaccination can reduce the risk of severe disease and hospitalization in many children and adolescents.

Of course, the FDA must be willing to reexamine the standards for approval when new data warrant change. Such conversations, however, must also adhere to the process that gives FDA decisions their legitimacy: open deliberation and robust engagement with the agency's staff and the broader community. Scientific disagreements should be respected. Demands for ideological alignment as a condition of employment are irreconcilable with an agency whose strength is the pluralism of its expert views. Americans' safety depends on a culture in which evidence is reviewed openly and staff can surface concerns, challenge leadership, and engage with external scientists without fear of reprisal.

The FDA has helped save millions of lives, sharpening its judgment as new evidence and better methods were developed, debated, and refined. Working at the FDA under both Republican and Democratic administrations, we saw up close how deeply the agency's staff believed in its public health mission.

If the goal is to rebuild confidence, the answer is not to toss aside the basic rules of science, stifle argument and oversight, or supplant expert scientific inquiry for the unilateral decision making of a few individuals. It is to insist on open deliberation, solid evidence, and procedures the public can see and trust.



WHO SAGE

<u>Meeting of the Strategic Advisory Group of Experts on Immunization, September 2025:</u> <u>Conclusions and recommendations</u>

5 December 2025

Overview

The Strategic Advisory Group of Experts on Immunization (SAGE) met on 22-25 September 2025. This report summarizes their discussions, conclusions, and recommendations. All SAGE recommendations are made using evidence-based methods, the details of which are included in the background materials of the meeting.

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WHO Pandemic Agreement

<u>Fourth meeting of the Intergovernmental Working Group (IGWG) on the WHO Pandemic Agreement</u>

1 – 5 December 2025 Hybrid, Geneva, Switzerland <u>Limited session recordings</u>

Statement at the fourth meeting of the open-ended Intergovernmental Working Group (IGWG 4) on the WHO Pandemic Agreement

IFPAM Statement 1 Dec 2025

On 1st December 2025 in Geneva, IFPMA delivered a statement at the fourth meeting of the openended Intergovernmental Working Group (IGWG 4) on the WHO Pandemic Agreement.

...The PABS should provide easy, rapid access to a broad set of pathogens for all researchers—public and private, North and South—while maintaining biosecurity. Industry participation depends less on new incentives and more on removing disincentives. Legal certainty during emergencies is critical; obligations must not be duplicated across frameworks.

Current proposals risk undermining preparedness by restricting access, adding bureaucracy, and increasing costs—discouraging R&D. Companies will continue accessing materials through multiple channels and partnerships, which is essential for innovation and rapid response.

The system should avoid complex sample-level traceability, focusing instead on biosafety standards. Highly structured traceability creates legal and operational uncertainty, complicates research, and diverts resources from collaboration.

We acknowledge the 20% real-time set-aside target in the Agreement. Industry participation requires flexibility in meeting obligations—through donations, tiered pricing, or voluntary licensing—to enable rapid, tailored responses. This approach strengthens contributions by enabling broader participation.

Rigid benefit-sharing obligations, IP restrictions, or mandatory financial contributions risk making engagement prohibitively costly, discouraging participation, and driving companies away. The most valuable contribution industry can make is building a pipeline of products ready for deployment. Currently, few vaccines and therapeutics target the highest-risk pathogens; without stimulating this pipeline, there will be no benefits to share.

As outlined, in our equitable access statements, depending on expertise and resources, companies can contribute through:

- 1. Strengthening innovation platforms for rapid deployment and expanding clinical trial networks globally.
- 2. Scaling production and ensuring supply continuity for repurposed medicines.
- 3. Enhancing manufacturing capacity via partnerships and voluntary technology transfer.
- 4. Supporting health-system and regulatory preparedness through financial and technical assistance for surveillance, trials, and workforce development.

These tools require enablers such as robust health systems, regulatory readiness, reduced trade barriers, and optimized delivery infrastructure.

The forthcoming PABS Annex will be a critical test of the WHO Pandemic Agreement's ability to deliver on its promise. Success depends on whether the Annex enables—not obstructs—innovation, partnership, and equitable access.

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World Bank: Gavi, Global Fund

Gavi and World Bank Group Deepen Collaboration to Boost Health System Resilience and Regional Vaccine Manufacturing

World Bank Group and Gavi sign a new Memorandum of Understanding to strengthen immunization, primary healthcare and regional vaccine manufacturing

Washington, D.C. / Geneva, 6 December 2025 – Gavi, the Vaccine Alliance (Gavi), and the World Bank Group are deepening their collaboration to strengthen financing for immunization and primary healthcare systems, while also supporting regional vaccine manufacturing in Africa. **Working** together, the two organizations plan to mobilize at least US\$2 billion over the next five years in joint financing, aligned with country priorities...

To support low- and lower middle-income countries as they transition from external support to long term sustainable financing, **Gavi and the World Bank Group will leverage new financing tools such as blended finance, buydowns, and guarantees, and work together in areas like public financial management...**

World Bank Group and the Global Fund Join Forces to Strengthen Health Systems and Expand Sustainable Health Financing

World Bank Group and Global Fund sign a new Memorandum of Understanding to strengthen primary healthcare and the fight against HIV, tuberculosis, and malaria

Washington, D.C. / Geneva, 6 December 2025 – The World Bank Group and the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria have signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) to help developing countries build stronger, more resilient health systems and secure sustainable financing for primary health care and the fight against HIV, tuberculosis, and malaria.

Working together, the two organizations plan to mobilize at least US\$2 billion over the next three years in joint financing, aligned with country priorities, to strengthen primary healthcare and expand access to essential services...

Pharmacovigilence

Artificial Intelligence in Pharmacovigilance

Report - CIOMS Working Group XIV

2025 :: 204 pages https://doi.org/10.56759/cdob6397

This report on *Artificial intelligence in pharmacovigilance* addresses a rapidly emerging cross-disciplinary field that is at the intersection of pharmacovigilance, computer science, mathematics, regulation, law, medicine, human rights, psychology and social science. Consequently, just as with medicinal products, it is important to establish the approved indications, posology, side effects, and warnings and precautions for use of artificial intelligence in pharmacovigilance. The latter must be clearly defined and understood by many people from different backgrounds to propel research and practical implementation in an effective, safe and responsible manner. The diverse pool includes professionals, researchers, and decision makers working in pharmacovigilance in biopharmaceutical industry, regulatory authorities, and academia. It also includes software vendors that develop artificial intelligence solutions for pharmacovigilance, including signal management and all aspects of Individual Case Safety Report processing. This report provides the requisite terminology and conceptual understanding to actively engage in this space, either by participating in the applied scientific research and public discourse, or by performing evaluations and making decisions at their respective organisations.

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Polio - PHEIC

Polio this week [03 December 2025]

Headlines [Selected]

:: Gavi and GPEI Boards Meet to Boost Immunization and Drive Polio to Zero

The Boards of Gavi and the Global Polio Eradication Initiative met for their second joint session, focusing on one shared mission: reaching the world's zero-dose and under-immunized children — and keeping the world on track to finish polio for good. <u>More</u>.

:: Global Polio Certification Experts Meet in Geneva to Assess Progress and Next Steps

The Global Commission for the Certification of Poliomyelitis Eradication (GCC) met in Geneva last week to review the worldwide polio situation, including regional vaccination and surveillance trends. The experts examined current strategies — including the GPEI Action Plan 2026 — and discussed how to accelerate eradication while strengthening protection in polio-free regions.

:: Integration in Action: Polio Team Helps Stop Latest Ebola Outbreak in DRC

The Democratic Republic of the Congo has officially declared the end of its recent Ebola outbreak — and the polio eradication network played a key role. Working with the Ministry of Health, WHO deployed experienced polio experts to strengthen surveillance, logistics, contact tracing and community engagement in affected areas of Kasai Province. A perfect example of how polio infrastructure protects far more than polio alone. <u>More</u>.

Summary of new polioviruses this week:

- :: Angola: one cVDPV2 case
- :: Chad: two cVDPV2-positive environmental samples
- :: DR Congo: two cVDPV2 cases
- :: Papua New Guinea: seven cVDPV2-positive environmental samples

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Contents [click to move among sections]

- :: Milestones, Perspectives
- :: WHO

- :: U.S. Immunization and Public Health Governance/Policy/Funding
- :: Organization Announcements
- :: Journal Watch
- :: Pre-Print Servers
- :: Think Tanks
- :: Public Consultations/Call for Inputs/Call for Papers

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WHO & Regional Offices [06 Dec 2025]

https://www.who.int/news

Selected News/Announcements/Statements

5 December 2025

<u>Meeting of the Strategic Advisory Group of Experts on Immunization, September 2025:</u>
<u>Conclusions and recommendations</u>

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WHO Vaccines and Immunization [IVB]

https://www.who.int/health-topics/vaccines-and-immunization#tab=tab_1

News

5 December 2025

<u>Meeting of the Strategic Advisory Group of Experts on Immunization, September 2025:</u>
Conclusions and recommendations

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WHO Regional Offices

Selected Press Releases, Announcements

WHO African Region AFRO

:: 05 December 2025

Rift Valley Fever in Senegal: On the Frontline to Protect Communities

:: 04 December 2025

African footballers star in Kick Out Polio campaign ahead of AFCON 2025

:: 04 December 2025

The hope carried by young Madagascans in the fight against antimicrobial resistance

WHO Region of the Americas PAHO

:: 5 Dec 2025

PAHO launches Regional Alliance to accelerate HIV elimination in the Americas

The new platform aims to strengthen political and technical coordination and expand access to innovations to reduce new infections by 90% and achieve zero AIDS-related deaths by 2030. Washington, D.C., December 5, 2025 (PAHO) – The Pan American Health Organization (PAHO) today launched the Regional Alliance for HIV Elimination in the Americas, a...

WHO South-East Asia Region SEARO

No new digest content identified.

WHO European Region EURO

:: 2 December 2025 News release

WHO launches tuberculosis screening campaign for refugees living in Bulgaria

WHO Eastern Mediterranean Region EMRO

- :: <u>Strengthening vector control capacity: training of trainers on WHO susceptibility bioassays for mosquito vectors</u>
- 4 December 2025
- :: HIV infections rise in Pakistan; WHO and UNAIDS call to action
- 1 December 2025

WHO Western Pacific Region

:: 4 December 2025 Media release

Stronger and healthier islands: Reaching every child with life-saving vaccines

:: 4 December 2025 *Media release*

Getting ready for the next pandemic: Western Pacific countries and areas carry out a key r...

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WHO - Emergency situation reports

Latest WHO official reports for emergency situations. Latest WHO official reports for emergency situations.

No new reports identified.

Disease Outbreak News (DONs)

Latest WHO Disease Outbreak News (DONs), providing information on confirmed acute public health events or potential events of concern.

5 December 2025 | Broader transmission of mpox due to clade Ib MPXV - Global situation

5 December 2025 | Avian Influenza A(H5N5) - United States of America

1 December 2025 | Ebola virus disease - Democratic Republic of the Congo

...On 1 December 2025, the Ministry of Health (MoH) of the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) declared the end of the Ebola virus disease (EVD) outbreak which had been declared on 4 September 2025. The end was declared after two consecutive incubation periods (a total of 42 days) since the last person confirmed with EVD tested negative for the virus and was discharged on 19 October 2025...

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Weekly Epidemiological Record

Vol. 100, No. 49, pp. 605–626 5 December 2025

https://www.who.int/publications/journals/weekly-epidemiological-record

:: Meeting of the Strategic Advisory Group of Experts on Immunization, September 2025: conclusions and recommendations

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New WHO Publications

https://www.who.int/publications

Selected

5 December 2025

Tracking universal health coverage: 2025 global monitoring report

Overview

The window to 2030, the SDG target year, is closing. Without accelerated and sustained progress, hard-won UHC gains risk being lost. Using revised and improved UHC indicators the report presents the latest available UHC data and concludes with a call to shared action.

5 December 2025

<u>Meeting of the Strategic Advisory Group of Experts on Immunization, September 2025:</u>
Conclusions and recommendations

4 December 2025

Decarbonizing the healthcare supply chain strategic actions for health systems

4 December 2025

World malaria report 2025

2 December 2025

<u>Framework and toolkit for infection prevention and control outbreak preparedness,</u> readiness and response

2 December 2025

Strategic plan for coronavirus disease threat management: advancing integration, sustainability, and...

1 December 2025

Global strategy on digital health 2020-2027

1 December 2025

Responding to the health financing emergency: immediate measures and longer-term shifts

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Africa

Africa CDC [06 Dec 2025]

https://africacdc.org/

Press Releases, Statements [Selected]

Press Releases

Africa CDC Study Explores SMS Messaging to Strengthen TB Treatment

3 December 2025

Press Releases

Ebola Outbreak in the DRC Declared Over

2 December 2025

Press Releases

Ethiopia Launches Fourth National Plan to Combat Antimicrobial Resistance

1 December 2025

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China - CDC+

http://www.chinacdc.cn/en/

National Health Commission of the People's Republic of China [06 Dec 2025]

http://en.nhc.gov.cn/

News

No new digest content identified.

National Medical Products Administration – PRC [06 Dec 2025]

http://english.nmpa.gov.cn/

News

No new digest content identified.

China CDC

CCDC Weekly Reports: Current Volume (7)

2025-12-05 / No. 49

PDF of this issue

- Editorial: Letter from the New Editor-in-Chief
- <u>Preplanned Studies: Outbreak of Chikungunya Virus with Aedes albopictus-Adaptive Mutations Guangdong Province, China, 2025</u>
- Outbreak Reports: The First Imported Case of Chikungunya Virus Infection Anhui Province, China, 2025
- <u>Notifiable Infectious Diseases Reports: Reported Cases and Deaths of National Notifiable Infectious Diseases China, October 2025*</u>

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Europe

European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control

https://www.ecdc.europa.eu/en

News/Updates/Reports/Publications [Selected]

<u>Two cases of Middle East respiratory syndrome (MERS) in travellers returning to France</u> <u>from the Arabian Peninsula</u>

5 Dec 2025

ECDC defines strategies to fight avian and swine flu in humans

4 Dec 2025

European Medicines Agency [EMA]

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/news News & Press Releases

No new digest content identified.

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India

National Centre for Disease Control

Directorate General of Health Services, Announcements	Ministry of Health & Family Welfare
No new digest content identified.	
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U.S. Immunization and Public Health Governance/Policy/Funding

Given the continuing extraordinary situation in the U.S., we have established a separate section of the digest to capture and organize key content. Please note that we will selectively include external analysis and comment, indenting this content under the relevant organization/action. We recognize that despite the volume of content in this section, this summary is indicative and not exhaustive.

Executive Branch - White House, State, HHS, FDA, CDC+

White House

Presidential Actions – Executive Orders; Memoranda; Proclamations

<u>Aligning United States Core Childhood Vaccine Recommendations with Best Practices from Peer, Developed Countries</u>

Presidential Memoranda, December 5, 2025

Department of State

<u>Press Releases</u> - Selected Press Statement

<u>Continuing to Deliver on the America First Global Health Strategy with the Signing of the United States-Rwanda Bilateral Health Cooperation Memorandum of Understanding</u>
Thomas "Tommy" Pigott December 5, 2025

...Under the arrangement, working with Congress, the United States intends to provide up to \$158 million over the next five years to support Rwanda's efforts to combat HIV/AIDS, malaria, and other infectious diseases, and to bolster disease surveillance and outbreak response. In turn, the Government of Rwanda plans to increase its own domestic health investment by \$70 million, taking on greater financial responsibility as U.S. support is gradually reduced over the years...

Remarks

<u>Secretary of State Marco Rubio with Kenyan President William Ruto at the Signing of a</u> Health Framework of Cooperation

Marco Rubio December 4, 2025 Benjamin Franklin Room Washington, D.C.

Fact Sheet

<u>America First Global Health Strategy – Bilateral Agreements on Global Health Cooperation</u>
December 4, 2025

As outlined in the America First Global Health Strategy, the United States will sign multi-year Bilateral Agreements on Global Health Cooperation with dozens of countries receiving U.S. health assistance in the coming weeks. These landmark agreements will advance a comprehensive and shared vision directly between the United States and recipient country governments for continued future cooperation on global health issues. The agreements will also maximize the impact of our global health assistance and strengthen our bilateral relationships while simultaneously saving millions of lives, stopping the spread of diseases globally, and helping countries move toward more resilient and durable health systems...

Each agreement will contain important and innovative provisions that facilitate long-term sustainability such as:

- **Commodities:** The procurement of commodities will be transitioned from the U.S. government to partner governments gradually over the established period of the agreement. The United States has committed to covering 100 percent of frontline healthcare workers and commodities for the next fiscal year and will work with countries to co-invest in these efforts over time.
- **Frontline Health Workers:** Frontline health workers currently funded by the U.S. government will be mapped to the cadres of health workers that can be employed by partner governments, and those cadres of health workers will be transitioned to the partner government payroll over a multi-year period as jointly agreed to.
- Data Systems: Funding will support the scale up of partner governments' health data systems to ensure key programmatic data for HIV/AIDS, TB, malaria, polio, and disease outbreaks can be tracked at scale long-term.
- **Co-Investment:** Partner governments will increase their domestic health expenditures over the agreement period, a critical step in ensuring partner governments have the resources they need to sustain their health response long-term without support from the U.S. government.
- Performance Incentives and Transition Assistance: U.S. government financial support will be linked to countries' ability to meet or exceed key health metrics with financial incentives for countries who exceed those metrics...

Press Statement

Advancing the America First Global Health Strategy Through Landmark Bilateral Agreements on Global Health Cooperation

Marco Rubio December 4, 2025

HHS

Press Room - Selected

<u>ACIP Recommends Individual-Based Decision-Making for Hepatitis B Vaccine for Infants</u>
Born to Women Who Test Negative for the Virus

ATLANTA — December 5, 2025

HHS Protects Parents' Rights in Children's Health Decisions

WASHINGTON — DECEMBER 3, 2025 — The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) today announced strong actions to protect the rights of parents within the practice of pediatric medicine. HHS opened an investigation into a complaint that a Midwestern school illegally vaccinated a child with a federally provided vaccine without the parents' consent by ignoring a religious exemption submitted under a state law. HHS also issued a <u>Dear Colleague letter [PDF, 265 KB]</u> reminding health care providers about federal law requiring them to provide parents access to their children's health information. In addition, the Department directed the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) to add a grant requirement stating that all funding recipients must comply with all applicable federal and state parental-consent laws for any services or care provided to minors at HRSA-supported health centers as a condition of receiving Health Center Program funds.

"Today, we are putting pediatric medical professionals on notice: you cannot sideline parents," said Health and Human Services Secretary Robert F. Kennedy, Jr. "When providers ignore parental consent, violate exemptions to vaccine mandates, or keep parents in the dark about their children's care, we will act decisively. We will use every tool at our disposal to protect families and restore accountability."...

NIH [to 06 Dec 2025] http://www.nih.gov/ News Releases

No new digest content identified [last news release on November 13, 2025]

FDA

<u>Press Announcements</u> - Selected

FDA News Releases

<u>December 3, 2025 - FDA Announces Leadership Appointments at Center for Drug Evaluation and Research</u>

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) today announced that Tracy Beth Høeg, M.D., Ph.D., has been appointed acting director of the Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (CDER). A physician and epidemiologist, Dr. Høeg was a Visiting Scholar at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology Sloan School of Management and practiced physical and interventional spine and sports medicine before joining the FDA as Senior Advisor for Clinical Sciences in the Office of the Commissioner and the Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research (CBER)...

<u>December 1, 2025 - FDA Expands Artificial Intelligence Capabilities with Agentic AI</u> <u>Deployment</u>

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration today announced the deployment of agentic AI capabilities for all agency employees. Agentic AI capabilities will enable the creation of more complex AI workflows — harnessing various AI models — to assist with multi-step tasks.

Agentic AI refers to advanced artificial intelligence systems designed to achieve specific goals by planning, reasoning, and executing multi-step actions. These systems incorporate built-in guidelines — including human oversight —to ensure reliable outcomes. The tool is entirely optional for FDA staff and is used voluntarily.

"We are diligently expanding our use of AI to put the best possible tools in the hands of our reviewers, scientists and investigators," said FDA Commissioner Marty Makary, M.D., M.P.H. "There has never been a better moment in agency history to modernize with tools that can radically improve our ability to accelerate more cures and meaningful treatments."...

FDA CBER

What's New for Biologics

No new digest content identified.

FDA VRBPAC [Vaccines and Related Biological Products Advisory Committee]

Advisory Committee Calendar

No future meetings posted.

FDA Pediatric Advisory Committee Meeting

Advisory Committee Calendar

No future meetings posted.

CDC

http://www.cdc.gov/media/index.html

Latest News - Selected

<u>ACIP Recommends Individual-Based Decision-Making for Hepatitis B Vaccine for Infants</u>
Born to Women Who Test Negative for the Virus

December 5, 2025

[See HHS above for full text]

CDC – Immunization Safety Office (ISO)

https://www.cdc.gov/vaccine-safety-systems/about/cdc-monitoring-program.html *No new digest content identified.*

ACIP

2026 Meetings Schedule

- February 25-26
- June 24-25
- October 21-22

Meeting of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices

December 4-5, 2025

- Final ACIP December 4-5, 2025 Meeting Agenda (posted 12-04-2025, 7pm)
- Anticipated Votes
- ACIP Meeting Materials: December 04-05, 2025
- YouTube Live Stream Link 12-04-2025
- YouTube Live Stream Link 12-05-2025
- Written Public Comments

MMWR Weekly

https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/index2025.html

December 4, 2025 / No. 39

PDF of this issue

:: <u>Human-to-Human Rabies Transmission via Solid Organ Transplantation from a Donor with Undiagnosed Rabies — United States, October 2024–February 2025</u>

National Vaccine Program Committee (NVAC)

https://www.hhs.gov/vaccines/about/index.html Upcoming Meetings/Latest Updates

No 2025 meeting dates posted.

Advisory Commission on Childhood Vaccines (ACCV)

https://www.hrsa.gov/advisory-committees/vaccines/meetings

Next ACCV Meeting - TBD [To be re-scheduled from original date January 29, 2025]

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NSF

News

No new digest content identified.

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U.S. Congress

House of Representatives

No new digest content identified.

U.S. Senate

Senate Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions (HELP) Committee

No new digest content identified.

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Supreme Court, Federal & Appellate Courts

No new digest content identified.

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U.S. States

Illinois

Gov. Pritzker Signs Landmark Bill to Protect and Expand Vaccine Access for Illinoisans

HB 767 codifies access to life-saving immunizations as the federal government abandons science

News – Tuesday, December 2, 2025

CHICAGO — Today, Governor JB Pritzker joined state officials, bill sponsors, and public health experts to sign HB 767. The legislation expands and codifies Governor Pritzker's <u>Executive Order</u> <u>2025-04</u>, which empowers the Illinois Department of Public Health to offer transparent, science-based vaccine guidelines through its expert Immunization Advisory Committee (IAC), while also expanding vaccine access.

"While RFK Jr. and his QAnon-inspired colleagues spread conspiracy theories and dangerous misinformation about vaccines, Illinois is stepping up to protect the health of our people," said **Governor JB Pritzker.** "It is vitally important that Illinois families can get trusted advice about vaccines, guided by experts and established research. With this new law, we will be able to respond swiftly to any dangerous or anti-science actions at the federal level — and ensure Illinoisans stay protected. More affordable and accessible health care for all Illinoisans prevents illness and saves lives."

Governor Pritzker's signature on HB 767 ensures Illinoisans will receive clear, science-based immunization guidelines as federal recommendations grow more contradictory and confusing. While the federal government abandons its critical role in public health leadership, the Pritzker Administration is stepping up to protect the health and well-being of all Illinoisans...

For decades, state health officials and practitioners could rely on science-based vaccine recommendations and schedules from the independent Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) board. Additionally, recommendations from the ACIP are required to be covered by insurance providers. However, the Trump Administration has essentially dismantled the ACIP, firing members and appointing vaccine sceptics whose beliefs are not backed by science. These actions have led to the erosion of trust, caused confusion regarding vaccine guidelines, and threatened access to life-saving vaccines.

Key Provisions of HB 767:

- Create and Publish Vaccine Guidelines for Illinoisans: IDPH will create and publish vaccine
 guidelines for Illinoisans based on experts from the Illinois Immunization Advisory Committee (IAC).
 Previously, Illinois and other states relied on the federal government through ACIP for this
 resource.
- Codifies the Structure of the IAC [Illinois Immunization Advisory Committee], including Checks and Balances: The bill specifies the membership and functions of the IAC and out of a commitment to ensuring all recommendations are rooted in science, provides a mechanism for the committee to override Director recommendations.
- Require Insurance Companies to Cover Vaccines Recommended by IDPH: State-regulated health insurance issuers are required to cover vaccines and related administration based on IDPH recommendations, even if they extend beyond ACIP schedules.
- **Expand Youth Vaccine Access in Pharmacies**: Reduce the minimum age from 7 to 3 for pharmacist administration of certain vaccines making them more accessible.

This bill is aligned with the newly launched Illinois Vaccine Access Program (IVAP). Overseen by IDPH, this state-funded initiative supports local health departments with the option to directly order certain vaccines at no cost for Illinoisans who may otherwise lack access. IVAP's 2025-2026 COVID-19 Vaccine

Initiative is focused on reducing barriers to immunization for several key populations, including young children...

U.S. Medical Societies, Health Organizations

American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP)

https://www.aafp.org/news/media-center.html (Accessed 06 Dec 2025)

No new digest content identified.

American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP)

https://www.aap.org/en/news-room/news-releases-from-the-aap/ (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) News

Hepatitis B Immunization is Critical to Protect All Newborns

December 5, 2025

<u>Statement from Leading Medical, Health and Patient Advocacy Groups on CDC Vaccine</u> Meeting

December 5, 2025

American College of Physicians (ACP)

https://www.acponline.org/more-acp-news (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) ACP News

<u>Statement from leading medical, health and patient advocacy groups on CDC vaccine meeting</u>

12/05/25

ACP encourages adults to get vaccinated during National Influenza Vaccination Week 12/04/25

I.M. Matters Weekly

America's Health Insurance Plans (AHIP)

https://www.ahip.org/news (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) News No new digest content identified.

American Geriatrics Society (AGS)

https://www.americangeriatrics.org/media-center (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) Recent Press Releases No new digest content identified.

American Medical Association (AMA)

https://www.ama-assn.org/press-center (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) Press Center - Latest News Dec 5, 2025 AMA statement on ACIP meeting

American Osteopathic Association (AOA)

https://osteopathic.org/news/ (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) Latest News No new digest content identified.

American Public Health Association (APHA)

https://www.apha.org/news-and-media/news-releases?sortFieldName=ItemDate&sortDisplayName=Newest&sortMode=desc (Accessed 06 Dec 2025)

ACIP decision to roll back universal Hepatitis B vaccine schedule recommendations will leave children vulnerable to unnecessary exposure and preventable illness

December 05, 2025

The Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices' decision to change the universal Hepatitis B vaccine guidance increases the risk of infection for babies. This recommendation will leave children vulnerable to unnecessary exposure and preventable illness.

APHA Joins GW and Dozens of Public Health and Policy Experts Urging the CDC to Maintain Universal Newborn Hepatitis B Vaccination

December 02, 2025

A public comment filed by 73 public health deans and scholars, along with the American Public Health Association - representing more than 23,000 individual members and numerous organizational members, concludes that the evidence overwhelmingly supports maintaining the current schedule for immunizing children against the hepatitis B virus (HBV).

Infectious Diseases Society of America (IDSA)

https://www.idsociety.org/ (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) News releases and statements News

<u>Statement from Leading Medical, Health and Patient Advocacy Groups on CDC Vaccine</u>
Meeting

News

ACIP: Statement on Changes to HBV Birth Dose Vaccine Recommendation

The American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases (AASLD) and its undersigned partner organizations – the American College of Gastroenterology (ACG), the American Gastroenterological Association (AGA), the American Society for Gastrointestinal Endoscopy (ASGE), the Infectious Diseases Society of America (IDSA), and the North American Society for Pediatric Gastroenterology, Hepatology & Nutrition (NASPGHAN) – are alarmed by the 8-3 vote by the Advisory Committee on Immunization

Practices (ACIP) to abandon the recommendation to initiate universal hepatitis B vaccination immediately after birth. Relying on the hepatitis B status of the infant's mother to determine whether the birth dose is appropriate creates confusion and ambiguity for new parents, the community, and medical professionals when the evidence clearly supports the safety and effectiveness in providing lifetime protection of administering a universal birth dose after consultation between an infant's parents and their health care provider.

As the leading societies dedicated to prevention, treatment and cure of liver diseases, we continue to strongly recommend that the hepatitis B vaccine be administered at birth to all infants as part of the validated three dose schedule rather than delaying the first dose to two months for confirmed hepatitis B negative mothers and for the full vaccination series to be administered to all infants. We call on the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services to ensure that coverage for the birth dose without cost sharing remains in place and that states take steps to ensure access for all who choose the vaccine...

Massachusetts Public Health Alliance (MPHA)

https://mapublichealth.org/press-room/ (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) Press Room No new digest content identified.

National Foundation for Infectious Diseases (NFID)

https://www.nfid.org/news-updates/ (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) News and Updates December 6, 2025

Statement on CDC ACIP Meeting

The National Foundation for Infectious Diseases and leading scientific and medical organizations express alarm at actions by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP)

December 3, 2025

NFID Calls for Evidence-Based Guidance as Many People Skip Life-Saving Respiratory Vaccines

Survey reveals misconceptions about vaccines and declining vaccination rates

National Medical Association (NMA)

https://nmanet.org/blog/ (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) Latest News

NMA Statement on ACIP Vote to Roll Back Universal Hepatitis B

December 5, 2025

The National Medical Association is adamantly opposed to the changes approved this week by the CDC's Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) that remove the universal recommendation for hepatitis B vaccination at birth. These changes undermine decades of proven, evidence-based public health practice and place infants, especially Black newborns, who are disproportionately affected by hepatitis B, at unnecessary risk.

"The science on hepatitis B vaccination is clear, consistent and unchanged," said Dr. Roger A. Mitchell Jr., 126th president of the National Medical Association. "Rolling back universal newborn vaccination creates confusion, invites misinformation and will cause preventable disease. This decision is misaligned with evidence, medical consensus and the needs of the communities most impacted."

"This is one of the most successfully executed vaccination programs in U.S. public health history," said Dr. Dial Hewlett Jr., MD, FACP, FIDSA, Chair of the NMA Vaccine Task Force. "The data do not support changing course — particularly when Black infants already face higher risks of both exposure and barriers to prenatal screening."...

Pediatric Infectious Diseases Society (PIDS)

https://pids.org/news-announcements/ (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) News & Announcements

Dec. 5, 2025

PIDS Statement on ACIP Meeting's Impact on Public Health

Dec. 2, 2025

PIDS Rejects Claims of Harm Due to Tested, Approved Vaccines

PIDS strongly rejects the claim by US Food and Drug Administration that vaccine regulatory processes are lax and that there is evidence that COVID-19 vaccines for children are unsafe or...

Society for Healthcare Epidemiology of America (SHEA)

https://shea-online.org/news/ (Accessed 06 Dec 2025)

APIC and SHEA Announce Joint Healthcare Infection Prevention Advisory Group (HIPAG) December 02, 2025

Washington, D.C. — The Association for Professionals in Infection Control and Epidemiology (APIC) and the Society for Healthcare Epidemiology of America (SHEA) have announced a new collaborative initiative, the Healthcare Infection Prevention Advisory Group (HIPAG), to address infection prevention priorities of national importance.

The elimination of the CDC's Healthcare Infection Control Practices Advisory Committee (HICPAC) has created gaps in coordinated, multidisciplinary alignment on infection prevention and control and antimicrobial stewardship issues, raising concerns about potential variation and inconsistencies in organizational policies and clinical practice. HIPAG was established to help fill these gaps and ensure continuity by offering timely, evidence-informed advisory expertise that supports the needs of participating organizations and the broader healthcare community.

This initiative reflects a shared commitment to enhancing transparency, inclusivity, and scientific rigor in national infection prevention discussions.

APIC and SHEA believe that this group, which will include invited representative experts across medical societies, healthcare organizations, public health, and patient advocacy groups, will help maintain a unified approach to infection prevention as new challenges and emerging threats continue to evolve...

Society for Maternal-Fetal Medicine (SMFM)

https://www.smfm.org/ (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) News No new digest content identified.

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Autism Science Foundation

https://autismsciencefoundation.org/ No new digest content identified.

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Brookings [to 06 Dec 2025] http://www.brookings.edu/ Regulatory Policy

Tracking regulatory changes in the second Trump administration

No new digest content identified.

......

Kaiser Family Foundation/KFF [06 Dec 2025]

https://www.kff.org/search/?post_type=press-release

Newsroom

Recent Changes in Children's Vaccination Rates by Race and Ethnicity

Dec 3, 2025 Issue Brief

Data show that children's vaccination rates, including MMR and seasonal flu vaccines, have declined in recent years largely due to decreases in vaccinations among White and Asian children. At the same time, and despite the declines among White and Asian children, Black and AIAN children remain least likely to have received recommended childhood vaccinations and the MMR vaccine specifically.

Global COVID-19 Tracker

Dec 1, 2025 Issue Brief

This tracker provides data on global COVID-19 cases and deaths by country, region, and incomelevel. Additionally, the tracker reports current closure, economic, and health system policy responses to the COVID-19 pandemic globally. This tracker will be updated as new data are available.

KFF Tracker: U.S. Pledges to Upcoming Multilateral Health Replenishments

Dec 1, 2025 Fact Sheet

This KFF tracker provides up to date information on U.S. pledges thus far to four multilateral health replenishments (the Pandemic Fund, WHO, Gavi, and the Global Fund) and U.S. government support to date.

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O'Neill Institute – Health Care Litigation Tracker [Georgetown University]

https://litigationtracker.law.georgetown.edu/ No new digest content identified.

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Vaccine Integrity Project – CIDRAP

https://www.cidrap.umn.edu/vaccine-integrity-project

Universal Hepatitis B Vaccination at Birth - Safety, Effectiveness, and Public Health Impact (Dec 2, 2025)

An independent evidence review of the safety, effectiveness and public health impact of universal hepatitis B vaccination at birth to compare current recommendations with a delayed first hepatitis vaccine dose at one month or more after birth.

Conclusion

The reduction of HBV infection among infants and children in the United States over the past 40 years resulted from a series of evidence-based recommendations. Each sequential modification was based on the systematic review of vaccine safety, efficacy, and effectiveness; HBV incidence; gaps in coverage; and quality improvement programs. Improved coverage of infants at birth, in combination with completion of the full hepatitis B vaccine series, resulted in protection of children and was foundational for interrupting HBV transmission to the next generation and the reduction of hepatitis B-related infection, chronic liver disease, cancer, and death in the entire US population.

In this review, we evaluated vaccine safety and the potential individual and population-level benefits of delaying the first hepatitis B vaccination compared with vaccination at birth. The hepatitis vaccine has consistently been shown to be a safe vaccine, regardless of timing of vaccination. This analysis found no differences in short-term or long-term adverse events related to the birth dose compared with a delayed first dose. No benefits of vaccine efficacy, effectiveness, or long-term protection were identified in delaying the first dose compared with vaccination at birth.

We also evaluated the potential population-level risks of delaying the first dose among infants born to HBsAg-negative mothers compared with those vaccinated at birth. This review found no evidence of any health benefit with delaying the birth dose and identified only risks related to changing current US recommendations for universal hepatitis B vaccination for all medically stable newborns weighing 2,000 grams or more within the first 24 hours of birth.

Public Submission on ACIP Meeting, Dec 4-5, 2025

Comment from The Vaccine Integrity Project

Posted by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention on Nov 25, 2025

:::::::

Paul Offit, MD – Beyond the Noise

Substack: https://pauloffit.substack.com/

No new digest content identified.

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Contents [click to move among sections]

- :: Milestones, Perspectives
- :: WHO
- :: Organization Announcements
- :: Journal Watch
- :: Pre-Print Servers

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Organization Announcements

Paul G. Allen Frontiers Group [06 Dec 2025]

https://alleninstitute.org/news-press/

No new digest content identified.

BMGF - Gates Foundation [06 Dec 2025]

https://www.gatesfoundation.org/ideas/media-center

Press Releases & Statements Press release Dec 06, 2025

Gates Foundation and Qatar Fund for Development Launch Milestone Partnership to Improve Health, Food Security, and Economic Opportunity

New catalytic funding will expand access to health, climate-resilient agriculture, and access to education across Africa and South Asia

DOHA, QATAR (December 6, 2025) – On the sidelines of the Doha Forum, the Gates Foundation and the Qatar Fund for Development (QFFD) announced a five-year strategic partnership, committing US\$500 million to drive accelerated progress in global health, climate-resilient agriculture, and education. The goal of the partnership is to help improve outcomes for mothers, children, and young people across Africa, South Asia, and Southeast Asia...

Press release Dec 03, 2025

With Child Deaths Projected to Rise for the First Time This Century, Gates Foundation

Urges Global Leaders to Target Scarce Resources Where They Save the Most Lives

New Goalkeepers Report models impact of global health funding cuts, offers roadmap of best buys and most effective investments to slow this reversal

SEATTLE (December 3, 2025) – The number of children dying before their 5th birthday is projected to rise for the first time this century, reversing decades of global progress, according to <u>new data</u> published today in the Gates Foundation's 2025 Goalkeepers Report.

In 2024, 4.6 million children died before their 5th birthday. According to modeling in the report, conducted by the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME), that number is projected to rise by just over 200,000—to an estimated 4.8 million children this year. At the same time, global development assistance for health fell sharply this year—26.9% below 2024 levels. Beyond this year's drastic funding cuts, countries face mounting debt, fragile health systems, and the risk of losing hardwon gains against diseases like malaria, HIV, and polio.

The <u>report</u>, We Can't Stop at Almost, warns that if global health funding cuts persist, up to 16 million more children could die by 2045. It offers a roadmap for how targeted investments in proven solutions and next generation innovations can save millions of children's lives, preventing a reversal in progress in today's constrained budget environment....

CARB-X [06 Dec 2025]

https://carb-x.org/

News

12.04.2025

<u>CARB-X to support ProtonDx for evaluation of a blood-based diagnostic method to identify lower-respiratory tract infections</u>

CARB-X has awarded ProtonDx US\$1M in seed funding to evaluate whether blood can be used as a suitable sample type for diagnosing pediatric lower-respiratory tract infections (LRTIs).

Chan Zuckerberg Initiative [06 Dec 2025]

https://chanzuckerberg.com/newsroom/

Newsroom

No new digest content identified.

CEPI – Coalition for Epidemic Preparedness Innovations [06 Dec 2025]

http://cepi.net/ CEPI News, Blog Blog

Disease outbreak survivors are key to future preparedness

The BSI - <u>Biospecimen Sourcing Initiative (BSI)</u> - is a new global resource that aims to facilitate the timely, coordinated, and ethical sourcing of biospecimens—such as blood—in an infectious disease outbreak.

News

First volunteer receives Lassa fever vaccine in cutting-edge Oxford trial

3 Dec 2025

- The Oxford Vaccine Group has vaccinated the first volunteer in a first-in-human trial of its Lassa vaccine
- The CEPI-funded trial is being conducted in Oxford, with a second phase 1 trial due to start in Ghana early next year
- The World Health Organization (WHO) has identified Lassa fever as a priority pathogen in urgent need of research and development because it poses a significant public health risk due to its epidemic potential

News

Korea steps up pandemic response with \$18.9m investment in CEPI

3 Dec 2025

CIOMS - COUNCIL FOR INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS OF MEDICAL SCIENCES [to 06

Dec 2025]

https://cioms.ch/

News; Publications; Events

Artificial Intelligence in Pharmacovigilance

Report - CIOMS Working Group XIV

2025 :: 204 pages https://doi.org/10.56759/cdob6397

DARPA – Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency [U.S.] [06 Dec 2025]

https://www.darpa.mil/news

News

No new digest content identified.

DNDI – Drugs for Neglected Diseases initiative [06 Dec 2025]

https://dndi.org/press/press-releases/

Press Releases

No new digest content identified.

Duke Global Health Innovation Center [06 Dec 2025]

https://dukeghic.org/

News

No new digest content identified.

EDCTP [06 Dec 2025]

http://www.edctp.org/

The European & Developing Countries Clinical Trials Partnership (EDCTP) aims to accelerate the development of new or improved drugs, vaccines, microbicides and diagnostics against HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis and malaria as well as other poverty-related and neglected infectious diseases in sub-Saharan Africa, with a focus on phase II and III clinical trials

News

01 December 2025

Strengthening the HIV response through African leadership and global collaboration

Emory Vaccine Center [06 Dec 2025]

http://www.vaccines.emory.edu/ Vaccine Center News No new digest content identified.

European Vaccine Initiative [06 Dec 2025]

http://www.euvaccine.eu/

News

EVI holds team retreat in the Netherlands

Fondation Merieux [06 Dec 2025]

http://www.fondation-merieux.org/

Actualités

No new digest content identified.

Gates Medical Research Institute [06 Dec 2025]

https://www.gatesmri.org/news

The Gates Medical Research Institute is a non-profit organization dedicated to the discovery, development and effective use of novel biomedical interventions addressing substantial global health concerns, for which investment incentives are limited.

News: Articles and Publications No new digest content identified.

Gavi [to 06 Dec 2025] https://www.gavi.org/

News Releases

4 December 2025

A new era dawns for Gavi, as Board underlines strategic shift towards country ownership and increased support for the most vulnerable

3 December 2025

Gavi and Global Polio Eradication Initiative Boards convene for second joint session

3 December 2025

Morocco pledges US\$ 5 million to Gavi, debuts as a donor to global immunisation efforts

GE2P2 Global Foundation [06 Dec 2025]

www.qe2p2.orq

News/Analysis/Publications-Digests/Statements

Digests

- :: Vaccines and Global Health: The Week in Review Current edition
- :: Informed Consent: A Monthly Review May 2025
- :: Public Consultations Watch :: Global Calls for Input/Public Comment 12 Nov 2025
- :: <u>Genomics, Gene Editing, Convergent Biosciences: Governance, Ethics, Policy, Practice A Monthly</u> Review Nov 2025

GHIT Fund [06 Dec 2025]

https://www.ghitfund.org/newsroom/press

Press Releases

No new digest content identified.

Global Fund [to 06 Dec 2025]

https://www.theglobalfund.org/en/news/

News Releases

World Bank Group and the Global Fund Join Forces to Strengthen Health Systems and Expand Sustainable Health Financing

World Bank Group and Global Fund sign a new Memorandum of Understanding to strengthen primary healthcare and the fight against HIV, tuberculosis, and malaria
06 December 2025

Washington, D.C. / Geneva – The World Bank Group and the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria have signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) to help developing countries build stronger, more resilient health systems and secure sustainable financing for primary health care and the fight against HIV, tuberculosis, and malaria...

Global Research Collaboration for Infectious Disease Preparedness [GloPID-R] [06 Dec

2025]

https://www.glopid-r.org/

News & Events

Highlights from the GloPID-R General Assembly

December 2, 2025

Hilleman Laboratories [06 Dec 2025]

http://www.hilleman-labs.org/

News & Insights

No new digest content identified.

HHMI - Howard Hughes Medical Institute [06 Dec 2025]

https://www.hhmi.org/news

Press Room

Scientists Capture First Detailed Look Inside Droplet-like Structures of Compacted DNA

A team of researchers led by HHMI Investigator Michael Rosen has captured the most detailed images yet of the molecules in chromatin condensates — droplet-like structures of compacted DNA. Dec 4, 2025

Human Immunome Project [nee Human Vaccines Project] [06 Dec 2025]

https://www.humanimmunomeproject.org/

News

No new digest content identified.

IAVI [06 Dec 2025] https://www.iavi.org/ Press Releases, Features December 4, 2025

Fierce optimism despite challenging circumstances

Reflecting on nearly three decades of IAVI Report and the future of HIV vaccine research. By Kristen Kresge Abboud

INSERM [06 Dec 2025]

https://www.inserm.fr/en/home/

Press Releases

No new digest content identified.

International Coalition of Medicines Regulatory Authorities [ICMRA]

http://www.icmra.info/drupal/en/news Selected Statements, Press Releases, Research No new digest content identified.

ICH [International Council for Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Pharmaceuticals for Human Use] [to 06 Dec 2025]

https://www.ich.org/

News/Pubs/Press Releases [Selected]

Ongoing Publ	c Consultations	^
> Q3E EWG	Guideline for Extractables and Leachables	
> E20 EWG	Adaptive Designs for Clinical Trials	
> E22 EWG	General Considerations for Patient Preference Studies	

https://www.ich.org/page/public-consultations

ICRC [to 06 Dec 2025] https://www.icrc.org/en/news

News

Article 04-12-2025

Mozambique: ICRC responds to pressing humanitarian needs

About 250'000 people have been displaced in the last year because of the armed conflict in northern Mozambique.

IFFIm [06 Dec 2025]

http://www.iffim.org/

Press Releases/Announcements

<u>Sierra Leone looks forward to "massive reduction" in cervical cancer after vaccine campaign</u>

01 Dec 2025

An ambitious November campaign to protect a million girls with the HPV vaccine could mark a historic inflection point in Sierra Leone's journey to elimination of the all-too-common cancer

IFRC [to 06 Dec 2025]

http://media.ifrc.org/ifrc/news/press-releases/

Press releases

Press release 05/12/2025

As Ebola in DRC declared over, IFRC calls for investment in community-based surveillance

IPPS - International Pandemic Preparedness Secretariat [06 Dec 2025]

https://ippsecretariat.org/news/

News

No new digest content identified.

Institut Pasteur [06 Dec 2025]

https://www.pasteur.fr/en/press-area

Press Documents

No new digest content identified.

ISC / International Science Council [to 06 Dec 2025]

https://council.science/current/

ISC is a non-governmental organization with a unique global membership that brings together 40 international scientific Unions and Associations and over 140 national and regional scientific organizations including Academies and Research Councils.

news

04 December 2025 - 4 min read

New agreement to promote policy, research and practice-relevant knowledge

The International Science Council (ISC) and the International Association of Universities (IAU) have formalized a new partnership through a Memorandum of Understanding designed to strengthen collaboration on shared priorities at the intersection of science, policy and higher education.

blog

03 December 2025 - 6 min read

Trust in science: Ethical responsibilities for scientists and universities

In this commentary, Robert French outlines the ethical responsibilities of scientists and universities in sustaining trust in science.

news

03 December 2025 - 6 min read

Advancing coordinated reform in publishing and research assessment

In November, key actors engaged in publishing and research-assessment reform convened in Pisa, Italy, to explore practical opportunities for joint action.

International Union of Immunological Societies (IUIS)

https://iuis.org/ News, Resources No new digest content identified.

IVAC [06 Dec 2025]

https://www.jhsph.edu/research/centers-and-institutes/ivac/index.html

Updates; Events U.S. Measles Tracker

Tracking Measles Cases in the U.S.

Updated December 5, 2025

Cumulative measles cases reported in the United States in 2025

Imported Local count 40 150 400

U.S. MEASLES CASES

January 1, 2025 - Dec 5, 2025

1837

Source: Johns Hopkins University • Get the data • Download image • Download PDF • Download SVG

IVI [06 Dec 2025] http://www.ivi.int/

IVI News & Announcements

IVI and the Regionalized Vaccine Manufacturing Collaborative sign partnership agreement to advance regional vaccine manufacturing and equity

3 December 2025 — The International Vaccine Institute (IVI) and the Regionalized Vaccine Manufacturing Collaborative (RVMC), hosted by CEPI, signed a Memorandum of Understanding today to deepen cooperation in strengthening the resilience and sustainability of vaccine manufacturing and supply chains across Asia, Africa, Latin America, and other regions. The agreement reflects a shared commitment to expanding equitable vaccine access and supporting countries in developing manufacturing capacity for routine immunization and outbreak preparedness...

Johns Hopkins Center for Health Security [06 Dec 2025]

https://centerforhealthsecurity.org/newsroom Center News [Selected] No new digest content identified.

Robert Wood Johnson Foundation [to 06 Dec 2025]

https://www.rwjf.org/en/about-rwjf/newsroom.html

Latest News and Highlights

Statement from Richard Besser, MD, on ACIP's Newborn Hepatitis B Vaccination

Recommendation

Statement Dec-05-2025

MSF/Médecins Sans Frontières [to 06 Dec 2025]

http://www.msf.org/

Latest [Selected Announcements]

South Sudan

MSF healthcare facility hit in an airstrike in South Sudan

Press Release 4 Dec 2025

Pakistan

Tuberculosis patients find strength and care in Baldia, Pakistan

Project Update 4 Dec 2025

Honduras

MSF concludes Arbovirus prevention project in Tegucigalpa

Project Update 2 Dec 2025

National Academy of Medicine - USA [to 06 Dec 2025]

https://nam.edu/programs/ News, Stories, Insights No new digest content identified.

National Academies-Sciences-Engineering-Medicine [NASEM]- USA [to 06 Dec 2025]

https://www.nationalacademies.org/newsroom

News

National Academies and Kuwait Foundation for the Advancement of Sciences Partner on Precision Medicine Workshops

Feature Story Dec 4, 2025

PATH [06 Dec 2025]

https://www.path.org/media-center/

Newsroom [Selected]

PATH's MenAfriVac wins Prix Galien Bridges Award for Public Sector Innovation

December 5, 2025 by PATH

PATH is honored to announce that the <u>Galien Foundation</u> has awarded the 2025 Prix Galien Bridges Award for Public Sector Innovation to MenAfriVac—the groundbreaking conjugate vaccine developed through the Meningitis Vaccine Project (MVP), a partnership led by PATH and the World Health Organization (WHO).

<u>PATH and Africa Clinical Research Network partner to optimize execution of clinical trials in Africa</u>

December 3, 2025 by PATH

The Africa Clinical Research Network (ACRN) and PATH have formalized a partnership through a memorandum of understanding aimed at strengthening the execution of clinical trials and supporting long-term research capacity across Africa. The collaboration brings together PATH's technical expertise in clinical trial design and implementation with ACRN's Africa-led coordination platform, which connects research sites, investigators, and national programs across the continent...

Sabin Vaccine Institute [06 Dec 2025]

https://www.sabin.org/press/ Latest News & Press Releases

Investigational Marburg Vaccine Delivered to Ethiopia for Outbreak Response

December 4, 2025

Washington, D.C. – The Sabin Vaccine Institute (Sabin) has sent more than 640 doses of its investigational cAd3-Marburg Vaccine to Ethiopia to support the country's response to its first-ever outbreak of Marburg virus disease. Marburg is a highly contagious hemorrhagic fever disease and can have a high case fatality rate of up to 88%. There are currently no licensed vaccines or treatments for Marburg.

Soon after Marburg was confirmed as the virus causing a hemorrhagic fever outbreak in Ethiopia's southern region, the Ethiopia Ministry of Health engaged Sabin and the U.S. government to request access to Sabin's investigational cAd3-Marburg Vaccine. The U.S. government approved this request. The <u>Biomedical Advanced Research and Development Authority</u> (BARDA), part of U.S. Department of Health and Human Services' Administration for Strategic Preparedness and Response (ASPR), funds the development and manufacture of Sabin's investigational vaccine candidate.

Sabin and the Ethiopia Ministry of Health have entered into a clinical trial agreement under which Sabin is providing BARDA-funded investigational cAd3-Marburg Vaccine doses for a two-cohort Phase 2, rapid response, open-label, randomized trial to assess safety, efficacy, and immunogenicity. Under this approved protocol, Cohort A is limited to high-risk health care and front-line workers or individuals who have had direct contact with infected persons within 21 days, the incubation period for Marburg virus disease. All other health care and front-line workers and contacts will be randomized in Cohort B, some receiving vaccine on Day 1 and others on Day 22 of the trial...

UNAIDS [06 Dec 2025] http://www.unaids.org/en News, Stories, Updates Press Release

<u>UNAIDS</u> welcomes new agreement between the <u>United States</u> and <u>Kenya to advance</u> progress to end AIDS and strengthen health systems

WASHINGTON/GENEVA, 4 December 2025—UNAIDS welcomes the signing of a landmark five-year Health Framework for Cooperation between the United States Government and the Government of Kenya to advance strengthened cooperation on HIV and other key areas of health.

The agreement was signed today in Washington DC by US Secretary of State Marco Rubio and President of Kenya William Ruto. It builds on decades of shared commitment between the US and Kenya through the US President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR) and represents a renewed demonstration of shared solidarity, co-investment, self-reliant systems and resolve to save lives, reduce new HIV infections, and advance progress towards ending AIDS in Kenya.

The agreement aligns with UNAIDS global targets—including ensuring that 95% of people living with HIV know their status, 95% of those diagnosed receive sustained, quality treatment, and 95% of those on treatment are virally suppressed. It also supports the goal of reducing new HIV infections and AIDS-related deaths by 90% by 2030, compared to 2010 levels.

In the signing, the US commits to provide up to US\$ 1.6 billion over five years to support technical assistance, capacity building, and financial resources to reinforce Kenya's national HIV and health response. In turn, Kenya has committed to provide around US\$ 850 million in domestic funding to sustain and enhance the agreement.

UNAIDS considers today's agreement between the US and Kenya a milestone in the future of global health cooperation, bringing renewed momentum to advance Kenya's outstanding response to HIV and US leadership in the global HIV response.

As noted by Secretary Rubio, the agreement with Kenya is the first of 50 planned bilateral agreements with partner countries in coming weeks...

Press Statement

<u>UNAIDS, WHO and the Global Fund call for political leadership, international cooperation, and community-led approaches at a joint World AIDS Day event</u>

GENEVA, 1 December 2025—UNAIDS, WHO and the Global Fund brought together members of communities, civil society organizations and government representatives to commemorate this year's World AIDS Day at an event at UNAIDS headquarters in Geneva, Switzerland.

"Our progress is fragile and is now under threat due to the collapse of international assistance and the regression on human rights," said Winnie Byanyima, UNAIDS Executive Director. In 2025, a historic funding crisis threatened to unravel decades of progress. HIV prevention services were severely disrupted. Community *led services, vital to reaching marginalized populations were also deprioritized while the rise in punitive laws criminalizing same-sex relationships, gender identity, and drug use amplified the crisis, making HIV services inaccessible to many...*

UNICEF [to 06 Dec 2025]

https://www.unicef.org/media/press-releases

Latest press releases, news notes and statements [Selected]

Press release 05 December 2025

<u>UNICEF Executive Director calls for urgent action and sustained investments for children in</u> South Sudan

JUBA, 6 December, 2025 -, UNICEF Executive Director Catherine Russell today concluded a visit to South Sudan, urging the Government and the international community to step up efforts to protect children's lives amid escalating conflict, climate shocks and mass displacement in the world's youngest country. Russell...

Remarks 05 December 2025

Millions of children in Southeast Asia affected by relentless climate-related disasters

GENEVA, 05 December 2025 –, "Over the past months and in recent weeks, children across five countries in Southeast Asia – Indonesia, Viet Nam, Thailand, the Philippines, and Malaysia – have faced the devastating effects of typhoons, floods and storms. "They are waking up in evacuation shelters.

They're drinking un...

Unitaid [06 Dec 2025]

https://unitaid.org/

Press Releases

News releases

<u>Lenacapavir use kicks off in South Africa and Brazil through Unitaid partnership with Wits</u> RHI and Fiocruz

01 December 2025

Vaccine Equity Cooperative [nee Initiative] [06 Dec 2025]

https://vaccineequitycooperative.org/news/

News

No new digest content identified.

Vaccine Confidence Project [06 Dec 2025]

http://www.vaccineconfidence.org/ News, Research and Reports No new digest content identified.

Vaccine Education Center – Children's Hospital of Philadelphia [06 Dec 2025]

http://www.chop.edu/centers-programs/vaccine-education-center

News

No new digest content identified.

Wellcome Trust [06 Dec 2025]

https://wellcome.org/news/all

News. Opinion, Reports

No new digest content identified.

The Wistar Institute [to 06 Dec 2025]

https://www.wistar.org/news/press-releases

Press Releases

December 3, 2025

<u>The Wistar Institute Announces Recruitment of Vincent Wu to Join Vaccine & Immunotherapy Center as Caspar Wistar Fellow</u>

Interdisciplinary scientist brings expertise in molecular biology and bioinformatics to study HIV reservoir, where dormant virus hides

World Bank [to 06 Dec 2025]

http://www.worldbank.org/en/news/all

News [Selected]

<u>Gavi and World Bank Group Deepen Collaboration to Boost Health System Resilience and</u> Regional Vaccine Manufacturing

World Bank Group and Gavi sign a new Memorandum of Understanding to strengthen immunization,

primary healthcare and regional vaccine manufacturing Washington, D.C. / Geneva, 6 December 2025 – Gavi...

Date: December 06, 2025 Type: Press Release

<u>Progress Toward 1.5 Billion Health Care Goal Advances as Countries Adopt National Health Compacts</u>

Reforms focus on expanding primary care, improving affordability, and supporting job-rich growth TOKYO, Dec. 6, 2025 — Countries and partners today reported continued progress toward the World Bank Group's...

Date: December 06, 2025 Type: Press Release

World Bank Group and the Global Fund Join Forces to Strengthen Health Systems and Expand Sustainable Health Financing

World Bank Group and Global Fund sign a new Memorandum of Understanding to strengthen primary healthcare and the fight against HIV, tuberculosis, and malaria Washington, D.C. / Geneva, 6 December 2025 —...

Date: December 06, 2025 Type: Press Release

Tracking Universal Health Coverage (UHC): 2025 Global Monitoring Report

Download Report | Access Dataset

Date: December 05, 2025 Type: Publication

GCC Economies Demonstrate Resilience, Advance Diversification, and Accelerate Digital Transformation

World Bank's Gulf Economic Update reviews a decade of economic diversification, highlights strong momentum in recent years, and a surge in AI-driven digital transformation WASHINGTON, December 4, 2025...

Date: December 04, 2025 Type: Press Release

Developing Countries' Debt Outflows Hit 50-Year High During 2022-2024

World Bank Was Largest Provider of Net New Financing to 78 Most Vulnerable Countries WASHINGTON, December 3, 2025—Developing countries paid out \$741 billion more in principal and interest on their...

Date: December 03, 2025 Type: Press Release

WFPHA: World Federation of Public Health Associations [06 Dec 2025]

https://www.wfpha.org/

Blog, Events

No new digest content identified.

World Medical Association [WMA] [to 06 Sep 025]

https://www.wma.net/news-press/press-releases/

Press Releases

No new digest content identified.

World Organisation for Animal Health [OIE] [06 Dec 2025]

https://www.oie.int/

Press Releases, Statements

No new digest announcements identified.

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ARM [Alliance for Regenerative Medicine] [06 Dec 2025]

https://alliancerm.org/press-releases/ Selected Press Releases No new digest announcements identified.

BIO [06 Dec 2025]

https://www.bio.org/press-releases

Press Releases

BIO Statement on December 2025 ACIP Meeting

December 5, 2025

DCVMN – Developing Country Vaccine Manufacturers Network [06 Dec 2025]

http://www.dcvmn.org/ News; Upcoming events No new digest announcements identified.

ICBA – International Council of Biotechnology Associations [06 Dec 2025]

https://internationalbiotech.org/news/

News

No new digest announcements identified.

IFPMA [06 Dec 2025]

https://ifpma.org/ News & Resources Statement 1 Dec 2025

Statement at the fourth meeting of the open-ended Intergovernmental Working Group (IGWG 4) on the WHO Pandemic Agreement

On 1st December 2025 in Geneva, IFPMA delivered a statement at the fourth meeting of the openended Intergovernmental Working Group (IGWG 4) on the WHO Pandemic Agreement.

International Alliance of Patients' Organizations – IAPO [06 Dec 2025]

https://www.iapo.org.uk/news
Press and media [Selected]
No new digest announcements identified.

International Generic and Biosimilar Medicines Association [IGBA]

https://www.igbamedicines.org/

News

<u>Single Global Development of Generic and Biosimilar Medicines: a cornerstone of Patient Access (December 2025)</u>

A research report resulting from a collaboration between the University of Maryland and University of Michigan (USA) delivers a critical set of recommendations emphasizing the urgent need for policies that foster single global development of off patent medicines.

The IGBA CEO Advisory Committee: Patient Access, Industry Value, and Global Cooperation in a Reshaping World (December 2025)

On 20 November, the CEO Advisory Committee of the International Generic and Biosimilar Medicines Association (IGBA) convened to discuss how the generics and biosimilars sector can continue to deliver on its mission—ensuring affordable, safe, effective and quality-assured therapies for patients— in a shifting international landscape.

PhRMA [06 Dec 2025] http://www.phrma.org/ Press Releases December 5, 2025

PhRMA Statement on December ACIP Meeting

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Vaccines/Therapeutics/Medicines - Selected Developer/Manufacturer Announcements
We recognize that this listing is indicative but certainly not exhaustive. We invite nomination of other

vaccine developers for potential addition to those monitored below.

AstraZeneca

<u>Press Releases</u> - No new digest announcements identified.

Bavarian Nordic

Latest News - No new digest announcements identified.

BioCubaFarma - Cuba

Últimas Noticias - No new digest announcements identified.

Biological E

<u>News</u> - No new digest announcements identified.

BioNTech

Press Releases

3 December 2025

BioNTech Achieves Minimum Condition in CureVac Exchange Offer

Boehringer

<u>Press Releases</u> - No new digest announcements identified.

CanSinoBIO

News - Website not responding at inquiry.

CIGB

Latest News - No new digest announcements identified.

CinnaGen

Recent News - No new digest announcements identified.

Clover Biopharmaceuticals – China

<u>News</u> - No new digest announcements identified.

CSL Sequirus

News Releases - No new digest announcements identified.

Curevac

News

December 3, 2025

BioNTech Achieves Minimum Condition in CureVac Exchange Offer

Dailchi Sankyo

<u>Press Releases</u> - No new digest announcements identified.

Gamaleya National Center/Sputnik

<u>Latest News and Events</u> - No new digest announcements identified [Last: 09 Nov 2020] <u>https://sputnikvaccine.com/</u> - No new digest announcements identified [Last: 31 Aug 2022]

GSK

<u>Press releases for media</u> - No new digest announcements identified.

EuBiologics, S Korea

News - No new digest announcements identified.

HIPRA

<u>Press releases</u> - No new digest announcements identified.

IMBCAMS, China

<u>Home</u> - Website not responding at inquiry.

JNJ Innovative Medicine [Janssen]

<u>Press Releases</u> - No new digest announcements identified.

Merck

<u>News releases</u> - No new digest announcements identified.

Nanogen

<u>News</u> - No new digest announcements identified.

Novartis

<u>News</u> - No new digest announcements identified.

Novavax

Press Releases - No new digest announcements identified.

Pfizer

Recent Press Releases - No new digest announcements identified.

R-Pharm

https://rpharm-us.com/index.php

Sanofi Pasteur

Press Releases

Sanofi completes acquisition of Vicebio

Paris, December 4, 2025. Sanofi announces the completion of its acquisition of Vicebio Ltd ("Vicebio"). This acquisition brings an early-stage combination vaccine candidate for respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) and human metapneumovirus (HMPV), both respiratory viruses, and expands the capabilities in vaccine design and development with Vicebio's 'Molecular Clamp' technology.

The acquired vaccine candidate complements Sanofi's position in respiratory vaccines. It enables Sanofi to offer increased physician and patient choice in RSV and HMPV by adding a non-mRNA vaccine to its pipeline.

Serum Institute

News & Announcements - No new digest announcements identified.

Sinopharm/WIBPBIBP

News - No new digest announcements identified.

Sinovac

Press Releases - No new digest announcements identified.

SK Biosciences

<u>Press Releases</u> - No new digest announcements identified.

Takeda

Newsroom - No new digest announcements identified.

Valneva

Press Releases - No new digest announcements identified.

WestVac Biopharma

Media - No new digest announcements identified.

Zhifei Longcom, China

[Anhui Zhifei Longcom Biologic Pharmacy Co., Ltd.] <u>Website</u> [No News/Announcements page identified]

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- :: <u>WHO</u>
- :: Organization Announcements
- :: <u>Journal Watch</u>
- :: Pre-Print Servers

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Journal Watch

Vaccines and Global Health: The Week in Review continues its weekly scanning of key peer-reviewed journals to identify and cite articles, commentary and editorials, books reviews and other content supporting our focus on vaccine ethics and policy. Journal Watch is not intended to be exhaustive, but indicative of themes and issues the Center is actively tracking. We selectively provide full text of some editorial and comment articles that are specifically relevant to our work. Successful access to some of the links provided may require subscription or other access arrangement unique to the publisher.

If you would like to suggest other journal titles to include in this service, please contact David Curry at: david.r.curry@centerforvaccineethicsandpolicy.org

AJOB Empirical Bioethics

Volume 16, 2025 Issue 4 https://www.tandfonline.com/toc/uabr21/current [Reviewed earlier]

AMA Journal of Ethics

Volume 27, Number 11: E769-822 November 2025 https://journalofethics.ama-assn.org/issue/electronic-health-record-evolution

Electronic Health Record Evolution

Patients' charts once hung at the feet of their hospital beds, and their purpose was to serve as the record of care for a particular patient. Now, electronic health records (EHRs) have several functions and serve many stakeholders' interests. This theme issue investigates which kinds of work EHRs should do—and for whom—and whose interests EHRs should serve when information is entered, organized, reviewed, responded to, extracted, or amended. This issue also investigates which values should inform EHR stewardship and innovation decisions and from whose perspectives the stakes of those decisions should be framed.

American Journal of Human Genetics

Nov 06, 2025 Volume 112 Issue 11 p2563-2814 https://www.cell.com/ajhg/current
This month in *The Journal*

Paul W. Hook, Alyson B. Barnes

Rare diseases affect more than 5% of the population in the United States. Classically, rare diseases are diagnosed through a phenotype-first approach in which individuals with distinct clinical features undergo genetic testing to identify the underlying genetic basis of their disorder. This approach can lead to ascertainment bias toward individuals with more severe or well-characterized phenotypes, leaving many affected individuals without a diagnosis. A genotype-first approach could increase diagnoses and provide insight into the phenotypic spectrum and prevalence of rare diseases, but this approach is difficult to apply at scale. [Reviewed earlier]

American Journal of Infection Control

November 2025 Volume 53 Issue 11 p1131-1242 http://www.ajicjournal.org/current [Reviewed earlier]

American Journal of Preventive Medicine

November 2025 Volume 69 Issue 5

https://www.ajpmonline.org/current

Reviewed earlier]

American Journal of Public Health

November 2025 115(11)

http://ajph.aphapublications.org/toc/ajph/current

Reviewed earlier]

American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene

Volume 113 | Issue 5 November 2025 https://www.ajtmh.org/view/journals/tpmd/113/3/tpmd.113.issue-5.xml [Reviewed earlier]

Annals of Internal Medicine

November 2025 Volume 178, Issue 11 https://www.acpjournals.org/toc/aim/current [Reviewed earlier]

Artificial Intelligence – An International Journal

Volume 349 December 2025 https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/artificial-intelligence/vol/349/suppl/C [New issue; No digest content identified]

BMC Cost Effectiveness and Resource Allocation

http://resource-allocation.biomedcentral.com/ (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) [No new digest content identified]

BMC Health Services Research

http://www.biomedcentral.com/bmchealthservres/content (Accessed 06 Dec 2025 [No new digest content identified]

BMC Infectious Diseases

http://www.biomedcentral.com/bmcinfectdis/content (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) [No new digest content identified]

BMC Medical Ethics

http://www.biomedcentral.com/bmcmedethics/content (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) [No new digest content identified]

BMC Medicine

http://www.biomedcentral.com/bmcmed/content (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) [No new digest content identified]

BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth

http://www.biomedcentral.com/bmcpregnancychildbirth/content (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) No new digest content identified]

BMC Public Health

http://bmcpublichealth.biomedcentral.com/articles (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) Articles

The public health impact of extending the catch-up nonavalent human papillomavirus vaccination program to 2028 in Japan: a model-based study

Ibrahim Diakite Keisuke Tobe Taizo Matsuki

Research Open access 06 December 2025

<u>Is the domestic bivalent HPV vaccine cost-effective compared with quadrivalent or nine-valent HPV vaccines in the context of cervical cancer screening? A modeling study</u>

Liangwen Zhang Yanhui Zhang Ya Fang Research Open access 04 December 2025

HPV vaccine knowledge gaps and vaccination intent: a cross-sectional study of vocational students in Southern Xinjiang of China in 2023

Guligeina Abudurexiti Kadeliya Muhetaer Remila Rezhake Research Open access 03 December 2025

BMC Research Notes

http://www.biomedcentral.com/bmcresnotes/content (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) [No new digest content identified]

BMJ Evidence-Based Medicine

October 2025 - Volume 30 - 5 https://ebm.bmj.com/content/30/5 [Reviewed earlier]

BMJ Global Health

November 2025 - Volume 10 - 11

https://gh.bmj.com/content/10/11

[Reviewed earlier]

Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists

DIGITAL MAGAZINE - September 2025 https://thebulletin.org/magazine/2025-09/#post-heading [Reviewed earlier]

Bulletin of the World Health Organization

Volume 103, Number 11, November 2025, 641-752 https://www.who.int/publications/journals/bulletin/

Digital transformation and the Immunization agenda 2030

<u>Mickey Chopra</u> a, ⊠, <u>Christopher Wolff</u> b, <u>Zulfiqar A Bhutta</u> c, <u>Francesco Checchi</u> d, <u>Mira Johri</u> e, <u>Thabani Maphosa</u> f, <u>Barni Nor</u> g, <u>Katherine L O'Brien</u> h, <u>Ephrem Tekle Lemango</u> i PMCID: PMC12665274 PMID: 41328208

Digital transformation is the intentional, systematic implementation of integrated digital applications that change how governments plan, execute, measure and monitor programmes. This transformation can accelerate progress towards the Immunization agenda 2030, which aims to ensure that everyone, everywhere, at every age, fully benefits from vaccines. Here we describe how digital transformation can help achieve equitable immunization outcomes, and outline recommendations for governments and global partners to ensure that children in low- and middle-income countries benefit fairly.

Cell

Oct 30, 2025 Volume 188 Issue 22 p6105-6390 https://www.cell.com/cell/current [Reviewed earlier]

Cell and Gene Therapy Insights

May 2025 Issue Volume 11 Issue 4 https://www.insights.bio/cell-and-gene-therapy-insights/journal/250/volume-11-issue-4 [Reviewed earlier]

Child Care, Health and Development

Volume 51, Issue 6 November 2025 https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/toc/13652214/current [Reviewed earlier]

Clinical Pharmacology & Therapeutics

Volume 118, Issue 5 Pages: 969-1224 November 2025 https://ascpt.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/toc/15326535/current [New issue; No digest content identified]

Clinical Therapeutics

November 2025 Volume 47 Issue 11 p957-1088

http://www.clinicaltherapeutics.com/current [Reviewed earlier]

Clinical Trials

Volume 22 Issue 5, October 2025 https://journals.sagepub.com/toc/ctja/22/5 [Reviewed earlier]

Conflict and Health

http://www.conflictandhealth.com/ [Accessed 06 Dec 2025] [No new digest content identified]

Contemporary Clinical Trials

Volume 158 November 2025 https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/contemporary-clinical-trials/vol/158/suppl/C [Reviewed earlier]

The CRISPR Journal

Volume 8, Issue 5 / October 2025 https://www.liebertpub.com/toc/crispr/8/5 [Reviewed earlier]

Current Genetic Medicine Reports

Volume 13, Issue 1 December 2025 https://link.springer.com/journal/40142/volumes-and-issues/13-1 [Reviewed earlier]

Current Medical Research and Opinion

Volume 41, Issue 3 2025 https://www.tandfonline.com/toc/icmo20/current [Reviewed earlier]

Current Opinion in Infectious Diseases

October 2025 - Volume 38 - Issue 5 https://journals.lww.com/co-infectiousdiseases/pages/currenttoc.aspx PAEDIATRIC AND NEONATAL INFECTIONS [Reviewed earlier]

Current Protocols in Human Genetics

https://currentprotocols.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/journal/19348258 [Accessed 06 Dec 2025] [No new digest content identified]

Cytotherapy

November 2025 Volume 27 Issue 1271 p121-1362 https://www.isct-cytotherapy.org/current [Reviewed earlier]

Developing World Bioethics

Volume 25, Issue 3 Pages: 165-252 September 2025 https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/toc/14718847/current [Reviewed earlier]

Development in Practice

Volume 35, Issue 5, 2025 https://www.tandfonline.com/toc/cdip20/35/5?nav=tocList [Reviewed earlier]

Development Policy Review

Volume 43, Issue 5 September 2025 https://www.tandfonline.com/toc/cdip20/35/5?nav=tocList [Reviewed earlier]

Disaster Medicine and Public Health Preparedness

Volume 19 - 2025

https://www.cambridge.org/core/journals/disaster-medicine-and-public-health-preparedness/latest-issue

[Reviewed earlier]

Disasters

Volume 50, Issue 1 January 2026 https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/toc/14677717/current [Reviewed earlier]

eBioMedicine

Volume 121 November 2025 https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/ebiomedicine/vol/121/suppl/C [Reviewed earlier]

EMBO Reports

Volume 26 Issue 21 6 November 2025 https://www.embopress.org/toc/14693178/current [Reviewed earlier]

Emerging Infectious Diseases

Volume 31, Number 10—October 2025

http://wwwnc.cdc.gov/eid/

[Reviewed earlier]

Epidemics

Volume 52 September 2025

https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/epidemics/vol/52/suppl/C

[Reviewed earlier]

Epidemiology and Infection

Volume 153 - 2025

https://www.cambridge.org/core/journals/epidemiology-and-infection/latest-issue

[Reviewed earlier]

Ethics & Human Research

Volume 47, Issue 5 Pages: 1-43 September-October 2025

https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/toc/25782363/current

[Reviewed earlier]

Ethics & International Affairs

Volume 39 - Issue 2 - Summer 2025

https://www.cambridge.org/core/journals/ethics-and-international-affairs/latest-issue

Roundtable: Global Governance in Hard Times

[Reviewed earlier]

Ethics, Medicine and Public Health

Volume 33 2025

https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/ethics-medicine-and-public-health/vol/32/suppl/Cc

[Reviewed earlier]

The European Journal of Public Health

Volume 35, Issue 5, October 2025

https://academic.oup.com/eurpub/issue/35/5

[Reviewed earlier]

Expert Review of Vaccines

Volume 24, 2025 Issue 1

https://www.tandfonline.com/toc/ierv20/current

[Reviewed earlier]

Foreign Affairs

November/December 2025 Volume 104, Number 6 https://www.foreignaffairs.com/issues/2025/104/5

[Reviewed earlier]

Forum for Development Studies

Volume 52, 2025 - Issue 2

http://www.tandfonline.com/toc/sfds20/current

The Rebirth of the Global South: Geopolitics, Imageries, and Developmental Realities

[Reviewed earlier]

Frontiers in Genetics

https://www.frontiersin.org/journals/genetics [Accessed 06 Dec 2025] [No new digest content identified]

Frontiers in Genome Editing

https://www.frontiersin.org/journals/genome-editing [Accessed 06 Dec 2025] [No new digest content identified]

Frontiers in Medicine

https://www.frontiersin.org/journals/medicine/volumes?volume-id=1463 [Accessed 06 Dec 2025] [No new digest content identified]

Gene Therapy - Nature

Volume 32 Issue 5, October 2025 https://www.nature.com/gt/volumes/32/issues/5 [Reviewed earlier]

Genetics in Medicines

Volume 27, Issue 12 December 2025 https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/genetics-in-medicine/vol/27/issue/65 [Reviewed earlier]

Genome Medicine

https://genomemedicine.biomedcentral.com/articles [Accessed 06 Dec 2025] [No new digest content identified]

Global Health Action

Volume 18, Issue 1 (2025) https://www.tandfonline.com/toc/zgha20/current?nav=tocList [Reviewed earlier]

Global Health: Science and Practice (GHSP)

August 2025 | Volume 13 | Number 1

http://www.ghspjournal.org/content/current

[Reviewed earlier]

Global Legal Monitor & Legal Reports – Library of Congress/USA

https://www.loc.gov/collections/global-legal-monitor/

https://www.loc.gov/books/?q=legal+reports&fa=partof%3Alegal+reports+%28publications+of+the+law+library+of+congress%29&sb=date_desc

[Accessed 06 Dec 2025]

[No new digest content identified]

Global Public Health

Volume 20, Issue 1 (2025) http://www.tandfonline.com/toc/rgph20/current [Reviewed earlier]

Globalization and Health

http://www.globalizationandhealth.com/ [Accessed 06 Dec 2025] [No new digest content identified]

Health and Human Rights

Volume 27, Issue 1, June 2025
https://www.hhrjournal.org/volume-27-issue-1-june-2025/
SPECIAL SECTION - FIGHT FOR RIGHTS VIEWPOINT SERIES
SPECIAL SECTION - FIGHT FOR RIGHTS VIEWPOINT SERIES

[Reviewed earlier]

Health Economics, Policy and Law

Volume 20 - Issue 4 - October 2025 https://www.cambridge.org/core/journals/health-economics-policy-and-law/latest-issue [Reviewed earlier]

Health Policy and Planning

Volume 40, Issue 10, November 2025 https://academic.oup.com/heapol/issue/40/10 [Reviewed earlier]

Health Research Policy and Systems

http://www.health-policy-systems.com/content [Accessed 06 Dec 2025] [No new digest content identified]

Human Gene Therapy

Volume 36, Issue 21-22 / November 2025 https://www.liebertpub.com/toc/hum/36/21-22

[Reviewed earlier]

Humanitarian Practice Network

https://odihpn.org/
[Accessed 06 Dec 2025]
Featured Publications
[No new digest content identified]

Human Vaccines & Immunotherapeutics (formerly Human Vaccines)

Volume 21 Issue 1, 2025 https://www.tandfonline.com/toc/khvi20/21/1?nav=tocList-8 Selected Content
[Reviewed earlier]

Immunity

Nov 11, 2025 Volume 58 Issue 11 p2609-2916 https://www.cell.com/immunity/current [Reviewed earlier]

Infectious Agents and Cancer

http://www.infectagentscancer.com/ [Accessed 06 Dec 2025] [No new digest content identified]

Infectious Diseases of Poverty

http://www.idpjournal.com/content]
[Accessed 06 Dec 2025]
[No new digest content identified]

International Health

Volume 17, Issue 6, November 2025 https://academic.oup.com/inthealth/issue/17/6 [Reviewed earlier]

International Human Rights Law Review

Volume 14 (2025): Issue 1 (Jun 2025)
https://brill.com/view/journals/hrlr/14/1/hrlr.14.issue-1.xml
[Reviewed earlier]

International Journal of Community Medicine and Public Health

Vol. 12 No. 12 (2025): December 2025 https://www.ijcmph.com/index.php/ijcmph/issue/view/131 [Reviewed earlier]

International Journal of Epidemiology

Volume 54, Issue 5, October 2025 https://academic.oup.com/ije/issue/54/5 [Reviewed earlier]

International Journal of Human Rights in Healthcare

Volume 18, Issue 4 22 October 2025 https://www.emerald.com/ijhrh/issue/18/4 Table of contents [Reviewed earlier]

JAMA

December 2, 2025, Vol 334, No. 21, Pages 1867-1960 https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jama/currentissue M Viewpoint

America's Vaccine Policy Whiplash—Finding the Way Forward

Mark C. Navin, PhD, HEC-C; Lainie F. Ross, MD, PhD

JAMA. 2025;334(21):1877-1878. doi:10.1001/jama.2025.19088

This Viewpoint discusses the effect of changes in vaccine policies on public health and strategies for reversing the policies' direction.

Potential Repercussions of Eliminating Mandatory Vaccination in Florida

Sten H. Vermund, MD, PhD

JAMA. 2025;334(21):1879-1880. doi:10.1001/jama.2025.19510

This Viewpoint discusses the potential repercussions of eliminating mandatory vaccination in Florida, including surges in outbreaks, hospitalizations, and preventable deaths.

The Measles Resurgence

Jane R. Zucker, MD, MSc

JAMA. 2025;334(21):1881-1882. doi:10.1001/jama.2025.19138

This Viewpoint discusses vaccination levels and the resurgence of measles in the US.

JAMA Health Forum

November 2025, Vol 6, No. 11 https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jama-health-forum/issue [Reviewed earlier]

JAMA Pediatrics

November 2025, Vol 179, No. 11, Pages 1139-1248 https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jamapediatrics/currentissue [Reviewed earlier]

JBI Evidence Synthesis

October 2025 - Volume 23 - Issue 10 https://journals.lww.com/jbisrir/Pages/currenttoc.aspx [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of Adolescent Health

November 2025 Volume 77 Issue 5 p797-1008 https://www.jahonline.org/current [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of Artificial Intelligence Research

Vol. 83 (2025) https://www.jair.org/index.php/jair [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of Bioethical Inquiry

Volume 22, Issue 3 September 2025 https://link.springer.com/journal/11673/volumes-and-issues/22-3 [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of Community Health

Volume 50, Issue 6 December 2025 https://link.springer.com/journal/10900/volumes-and-issues/50-6 [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of Current Medical Research and Opinion

...a peer-reviewed, international journal for the rapid publication of original research on new and existing drugs and therapies, and post-marketing investigations. Equivalence, safety and efficacy/effectiveness studies are especially encouraged.

Vol. 8 No. 01 (2025)

https://www.cmro.in/index.php/jcmro/issue/view/91

[Reviewed earlier]

Journal of Development Economics

Volume 178 January 2026 https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/journal-of-development-economics/vol/178/suppl/C [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of Empirical Research on Human Research Ethics

Volume 20 Issue 5, December 2025 http://journals.sagepub.com/toc/jre/current [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of Epidemiology & Community Health

November 2025 - Volume 79 - 11 https://jech.bmj.com/content/79/11 [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of Evidence-Based Medicine

Volume 18, Issue 3 September 2025 https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/toc/17565391/current [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of Global Ethics

Volume 21, Issue 2 (2025) http://www.tandfonline.com/toc/rjge20/current [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of Health Care for the Poor and Underserved (JHCPU)

Volume 36, Number 3, August 2025 https://muse.jhu.edu/issue/55342 Table of Contents [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of Immigrant and Minority Health

Volume 27, Issue 5 October 2025 https://link.springer.com/journal/10903/volumes-and-issues/27-5 [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of Immigrant & Refugee Studies

Volume 23, Issue 4 (2025) https://www.tandfonline.com/toc/wimm20/current [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of International Development

Volume 37, Issue 8 Pages: 1-1697 November 2025 https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/toc/10991328/current [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of Law, Medicine & Ethics

Volume 53 - Issue 3 - Fall 2025 https://www.cambridge.org/core/journals/journal-of-law-medicine-and-ethics/latest-issue Public Health, Markets, and Law [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of Medical Ethics

December 2025 - Volume 51 - 12 http://jme.bmj.com/content/current [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of Patient-Centered Research and Reviews

Volume 12, Issue 3 (2025) https://institutionalrepository.aah.org/jpcrr/ [Reviewed earlier]

The Journal of Pediatrics

Volume 286 November 2025 https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/the-journal-of-pediatrics/vol/286/suppl/C [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of Pharmaceutical Policy and Practice

Volume 18, 2025 Issue 1 https://www.tandfonline.com/toc/jppp20/18/1?nav=tocList [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of Public Health Management & Practice

November/December 2025 - Volume 31 - Issue 6 https://journals.lww.com/jphmp/pages/currenttoc.aspx [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of Public Health Policy

Volume 46, Issue 4 December 2025 https://link.springer.com/journal/41271/volumes-and-issues/46-4 [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of the Royal Society – Interface

November 2025 Volume 22 Issue 232 https://royalsocietypublishing.org/toc/rsif/current [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of Travel Medicine

Volume 32, Issue 6, August 2025 https://academic.oup.com/jtm/issue [Reviewed earlier]

Journal of Virology

Volume 99 • Number 10 • October 2025 http://jvi.asm.org/content/current [Reviewed earlier]

The Lancet

Dec 06, 2025 Volume 406 Number 10520 p2601-2726 https://www.thelancet.com/journals/lancet/issue/current [New issue; No digest content identified]

The Lancet Child & Adolescent Health

Dec 2025 Volume 9 Number 12 p817-890, e24-e27 https://www.thelancet.com/journals/lanchi/issue/current [Reviewed earlier]

Lancet Digital Health

Sep 2025 Volume 7 Number 9 https://www.thelancet.com/journals/landig/issue/current [Reviewed earlier]

Lancet Global Health

Dec 2025 Volume 13 Number 12 e1991-e2179 https://www.thelancet.com/journals/langlo/issue/current [Reviewed earlier]

Lancet Infectious Diseases

Nov 2025 Volume 25 Number 11 p1159-1264, e621-e675 https://www.thelancet.com/journals/laninf/issue/current [Reviewed earlier]

Lancet Public Health

Nov 2025 Volume 10 Number 11 e890-e1005 https://www.thelancet.com/journals/lanpub/issue/current [Reviewed earlier]

Lancet Respiratory Medicine

Nov 2025 Volume 13 Number 11 p951-1040, e56-e58 https://www.thelancet.com/journals/lanres/issue/current [Reviewed earlier]

Maternal and Child Health Journal

Volume 29, Issue 10 October 2025 https://link.springer.com/journal/10995/volumes-and-issues/29-10 [Reviewed earlier]

Medical Decision Making (MDM)

Volume 45 Issue 8, November 2025 http://mdm.sagepub.com/content/current [Reviewed earlier]

The Milbank Quarterly

A Multidisciplinary Journal of Population Health and Health Policy Volume 103, Issue 3 Pages: 639-939 September 2025 https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/toc/14680009/current [Reviewed earlier]

Molecular Therapy

Nov 05, 2025 Volume 33 Issue 11 p5283-5908 https://www.cell.com/molecular-therapy/current [Reviewed earlier]

Nature

Volume 648 Issue 8092, 4 December 2025 https://www.nature.com/nature/volumes/647/issues/8092 Editorial 02 Dec 2025

Don't downplay problems of bullying and harassment in academia

The United Kingdom, like all countries, must prioritize a supportive research culture as an essential ingredient in research excellence

Nature Biotechnology

Volume 43 Issue 11, November 2025 https://www.nature.com/nbt/volumes/43/issues/11 [Reviewed earlier]

Nature Communications

https://www.nature.com/subjects/health-sciences/ncomms (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) [Reviewed earlier]

Nature Genetics

Volume 57 Issue 11, November 2025 https://www.nature.com/ng/volumes/57/issues/11 Reviewed earlier]

Nature Human Behaviour

Volume 9 Issue 10, October 2025 https://www.nature.com/nathumbehav/volumes/9/issues/10 [Reviewed earlier]

Nature Medicine

Volume 31 Issue 11, November 2025 https://www.nature.com/nm/volumes/31/issues/11 [Reviewed earlier]

Nature Reviews Drug Discovery

Volume 24 Issue 10, October 2025 https://www.nature.com/nrd/volumes/24/issues/10

[Reviewed earlier]

Nature Reviews Genetics

Volume 26 Issue 11, November 2025 https://www.nature.com/nrg/volumes/26/issues/11 [Reviewed earlier]

Nature Reviews Immunology

Volume 25 Issue 10, October 2025 https://www.nature.com/nri/volumes/25/issues/1 [Reviewed earlier]

New England Journal of Medicine Volume

Volume 393 No. 22 December 4, 2025 https://www.nejm.org/toc/nejm/medical-journal Perspective

<u>The New U.S. Global Health Strategy — A Reset of America's Health Cooperation</u>

J. Ratevosian and Others

The U.S. administration recently unveiled its new approach to global health. A retreat from multilateralism, a geopolitical emphasis, and rushed transitions could threaten progress.

Special Article

Updated Evidence for Covid-19, RSV, and Influenza Vaccines for 2025-2026

J. Scott and Others

NEJM Evidence

Volume 4 No. 9 September 2025 https://evidence.nejm.org/toc/evid/current

NEJM Evidence, a new monthly digital journal from NEJM Group, presents innovative original research and fresh, bold ideas in clinical trial design and clinical decision-making.

[Reviewed earlier]

nip Vaccines

https://www.nature.com/npjvaccines/ [Accessed 06 Dec 2025] [No new digest content identified]

Pediatrics

Volume 156, Issue 5 November 2025 https://publications.aap.org/pediatrics/issue/156/5 From the American Academy of Pediatrics [Reviewed earlier]

PharmacoEconomics

Volume 43, Issue 12 December 2025

https://link.springer.com/journal/40273/volumes-and-issues/43-12

[Reviewed earlier]

PLoS Biology

https://journals.plos.org/plosbiology/

(Accessed 06 Dec 2025)

How to integrate patient and carer perspectives, methodological rigor, and ethics into biomedical research funding

Hella Lichtenberg, Christina Müller, Henk Lindeman, Leila Ali, Anja Minheere, Monique van den Eijnden, Ulrich Dirnagl

Community Page | published 04 Dec 2025 PLOS Biology

https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pbio.3003551

PLoS Genetics

https://journals.plos.org/plosgenetics/ (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) [No new digest content identified]

PLoS Global Public Health

https://journals.plos.org/globalpublichealth/search?sortOrder=DATE NEWEST FIRST&filterStartDate=2 021-10-01&filterJournals=PLOSGlobalPublicHealth&q=&resultsPerPage=60 (Accessed 06 Dec 2025)

[No new digest content identified]

PLoS Medicine

https://journals.plos.org/plosmedicine/ (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) [No new digest content identified]

PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases

http://www.plosntds.org/ (Accessed 06 Dec 2025) [No new digest content identified]

PLoS One

http://www.plosone.org/ [Accessed 06 Dec 2025]

<u>Awareness, knowledge, and beliefs about Human Papillomavirus and its vaccine among</u> <u>Egyptian medical students: A cross-sectional national study</u>

Muhammad Elmanzlawey, Mohamed Terra, Mohamed Baklola, Yara Ahmed, Mariam Abuelela, Ibrahim Noureddin Al-Kurd, Abdel-Hady El-Gilany

Research Article | published 05 Dec 2025 PLOS ONE

https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0337411

PLoS Pathogens

http://journals.plos.org/plospathoge ns/

[Accessed 06 Dec 2025]

[No new digest content identified]

PNAS - Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States

December 2, 2025 vol. 122 no. 48

https://www.pnas.org/toc/pnas/122/48

Research Article November 24, 2025 Inaugural Article

<u>Using a mental model approach to undercut the effects of exposure to mRNA vaccination misconceptions: Two randomized trials</u>

Although messenger RNA (mRNA) technology revolutionized vaccine creation, its use is threatened by unwarranted fear that DNA left over from the vaccine manufacturing process could integrate into recipients' DNA, increasing cancer and heritable risks. ...

Kathleen Hall Jamieson, et al.

PNAS Nexus

Volume 4, Issue 11, November 2025 https://academic.oup.com/pnasnexus/issue/4/11 [Reviewed earlier]

Prehospital & Disaster Medicine

Volume 40 - Issue 5 - October 2025 https://www.cambridge.org/core/journals/prehospital-and-disaster-medicine/latest-issue [Reviewed earlier]

Preventive Medicine

Volume 200 November 2025 https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/preventive-medicine/vol/200/suppl/C [Reviewed earlier]

Proceedings of the Royal Society B

November 2025 Volume 292 Issue 2058 https://royalsocietypublishing.org/toc/rspb/current [Reviewed earlier]

Public Health

Volume 246 September 2025 https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/public-health/vol/246/suppl/C [Reviewed earlier]

Public Health Ethics

Volume 18, Issue 2, July 2025 http://phe.oxfordjournals.org/content/current [Reviewed earlier]

Public Health Genomics

2025, Vol. 28, No. 1 https://karger.com/phg/issue/28/1 [Reviewed earlier]

Public Health Reports

Volume 140 Issue 5-6, Sep-Oct/Nov-Dec 2025 https://journals.sagepub.com/toc/phrg/140/5-6 [Reviewed earlier]

Qualitative Health Research

Volume 35 Issue 13, November 2025 https://journals.sagepub.com/toc/QHR/current [Reviewed earlier]

Research Ethics

Volume 21 Issue 4, October 2025 http://journals.sagepub.com/toc/reab/current [Reviewed earlier]

Reproductive Health

http://www.reproductive-health-journal.com/content [Accessed 06 Dec 2025] [No new digest content identified]

Revista Panamericana de Salud Pública/Pan American Journal of Public Health (RPSP/PAJPH)

https://www.paho.org/journal/en Latest Articles [No new digest content identified]

Risk Analysis

Volume 45, Issue 11 Pages: 3331-4076 November 2025 https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/toc/15396924/current [Reviewed earlier]

Risk Management and Healthcare Policy

https://www.dovepress.com/risk-management-and-healthcare-policy-archive56 [Accessed 06 Dec 2025]
[No new digest content identified]

Royal Society Open Science

November 2025 Volume 12 Issue 11

https://royalsocietypublishing.org/toc/rsos/current

[Reviewed earlier]

Science

Volume 390| Issue 6777| 4 Dec 2025

https://www.science.org/toc/science/current

Editorial

Accelerating science with AI

BY Darío Gil, Kathryn A. Moler

25 Nov 2025:

By successfully integrating artificial intelligence (AI) into research workflows, researchers could substantially increase scientific productivity. Last week's <u>announcement</u> from the White House of the US Genesis Mission sparks a critical conversation about how to realize this potential. That discussion should center on two parallel efforts—creating the integrated infrastructure, from data and algorithms to hardware and agentic control, needed to apply AI to speed up research; and determining the policies and resources that empower scientists to fuel the feedback loop of scientific advancement and AI innovation...

Science and Engineering Ethics

Volume 31, Issue 6 December 2025 https://link.springer.com/journal/11948/volumes-and-issues/31-6 [Reviewed earlier]

Science Translational Medicine

Volume 17| Issue 827| 3 Dec 2025 https://www.science.org/toc/stm/current [New issue; No digest content identified]

Scientific Reports

https://www.nature.com/srep/articles?type=article
[Accessed 06 Dec 2025]
[No new digest content identified]

Social Science & Medicine

Volume 386 December 2025 https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/social-science-and-medicine/vol/386/suppl/C [Reviewed earlier]

Systematic Reviews

https://systematicreviewsjournal.biomedcentral.com/articles
[Accessed 06 Dec 2025]
[No new digest content identified]

Theoretical Medicine and Bioethics

Volume 46, Issue 6 December 2025

https://link.springer.com/journal/11017/volumes-and-issues/46-6 [Reviewed earlier]

Travel Medicine and Infectious Diseases

Volume 67 September–October 2025 https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/travel-medicine-and-infectious-disease/vol/67/suppl/C [Reviewed earlier]

Tropical Medicine & International Health

Volume 30, Issue 11 Pages: 1145-1260 November 2025 https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/toc/13653156/current [Reviewed earlier]

Vaccine

Volume 68 5 December 2025 https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/vaccine/vol/67/suppl/C [Reviewed earlier]

Vaccines

https://www.mdpi.com/journal/vaccines [Accessed 06 Dec 2025] [No new digest content identified]

Value in Health

November 2025 Volume 28 Issue 11 p1601-1784 https://www.valueinhealthjournal.com/current Reviewed earlier

World Development

Volume 196 December 2025 https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/world-development/vol/196/suppl/C [New issue; No digest content identified]

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- :: Organization Announcements
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Pre-Print Servers

arXiv

https://arxiv.org/

[Accessed 06 Dec 2025]

[Filters: Emerging Technologies; Neural and Evolutionary Computing; Computers and Society; Computational Engineering, Finance, and Science; General Literature; Genomics; Neurons and Cognition; Populations and Evolution; Other Quantitative Biology; General Economics]
[No new digest content identified]

Gates Open Research

https://gatesopenresearch.org/browse/articles

[Accessed 06 Dec 2025] [Filter: All articles]

[No new digest content identified]

medRxiv

https://www.medrxiv.org/content/early/recent

[Accessed 06 Dec 2025] [Filter: All articles]

Pandemic-Potential Viruses are a Blind Spot for Frontier Open-Source LLMs

Laura Luebbert, Yasha Ektefaie, Arya S. Rao, Colby Wilkason, Dolo Nosamiefan, Olivia Achonduh-Atijegbe, Harouna Soumare, Adefoye Precious Adebayo, Olufemi Olulaja, Judith Amadi, Nicholas Oyejide, Funmilayo Olayiwola, Etim Henshaw, Yusuf Okocha, Nkechinyere Nwachukwu, Elechi Friday Ewah, Sylvanus Okoro, Ebenezer Nwakpakpa, Peter Okokhere, Kelly Iraoyah, Joseph Okoeguale, Ireti Dada, Andy Burris, Karlie Zhao, Ellory Laning, Chase van Amburg, Paul Cronan, Ben Fry, Christian Happi, Al Ozonoff, Pardis C. Sabeti

medRxiv 2025.12.04.25341642; doi: https://doi.org/10.64898/2025.12.04.25341642

<u>Human milk oligosaccharides, oral rotavirus vaccine seroconversion, and rotavirus qastroenteritis risk in a vaccinated birth cohort</u>

Rebecca Judith Rubinstein, Nadja Alexandra Vielot, Jessie K Edwards, Yaoska Reyes, Fredman Gonzalez, Cristhian Toval-Ruiz, Lester Gutierrez, Slavica Mijatovic-Rustempasic, Samuel Vilchez, Robert S Sandler, Lakshmanane Premkumar, Lars Bode, Sylvia Becker-Dreps, Filemon Bucardo medRxiv 2025.12.04.25341660; doi: https://doi.org/10.64898/2025.12.04.25341660

<u>Predictors of COVID-19 Vaccine Hesitancy and Adverse Events following COVID-19</u> vaccination among <u>People on Anti-retroviral therapy in Nigeria</u>

Victoria Etuk, Oluwafemi Omonijo, Charity Sanni, Stella Ijioma, Alash'le Abimiku, Evaezi Okpokoro medRxiv 2025.12.05.25341692; doi: https://doi.org/10.64898/2025.12.05.25341692

<u>Uptake and Determinants of Hepatitis B Vaccination among Health Laboratory</u> <u>Practitioners in Tertiary Hospitals in Dar es Salaam, Tanzania: A Cross-Sectional Study.</u>

Seleman Said, Mary Migiro, Dominic Renatus, Raidah R Gangji, Lilian Nkinda, Upendo Kibwana, Frank Msafiri, Doreen Kamori, Agricola Joachim, Joel Manyahi, Mtebe V Majigo, Salim S. Masoud medRxiv 2025.12.03.25341607; doi: https://doi.org/10.64898/2025.12.03.25341607

<u>Vaccination of adolescent girls against Human Papillomavirus (HPV) in Embakasi West, Kenya: the role of family ties and value systems in decision making</u>

Wanjiru S. Ng'ang'a, Solomon K. Cheboi, Peter Omemo, Apollo O. Maima

medRxiv 2025.12.01.25341402; doi: https://doi.org/10.64898/2025.12.01.25341402

Limitations of Disease X vaccine efficacy and safety clinical trials

Julien Flaig, Nicolas Houy

medRxiv 2025.10.11.25337791; doi: https://doi.org/10.1101/2025.10.11.25337791 Revision

<u>Public health benefits of maternal influenza vaccination among pregnant women and infants <6 months in the United States, 2011–2020</u>

Sinead E. Morris, Alissa O'Halloran, Devi Sundaresan, Samantha M. Olson, Jessie R. Chung, Sascha Ellington, Catherine H. Bozio, A. Danielle Iuliano, Matthew Biggerstaff, Carrie Reed medRxiv 2025.12.01.25339330; doi: https://doi.org/10.64898/2025.12.01.25339330

<u>Trends and Predictors of Measles Immunisation Inequalities Among Children Aged 12–23</u> <u>Months in the Philippines, 2008–2022</u>

John Carlo Lorenzo, Md Irteja Islam, Carla Ante-Orozco, Erin Mathieu medRxiv 2025.12.01.25341428; doi: https://doi.org/10.64898/2025.12.01.25341428

Safety and immunogenicity of a quadrivalent meningococcal polysaccharide vaccine (MPV ACYW135) compared with a quadrivalent meningococcal conjugate vaccine (Menactra®): a study protocol of a randomized non-inferiority trial in Mali

Simonetta Viviani, Ruoyu Hu, Samba O Sow, Milagritos D Tapia, Fadima Cheick Haidara, Fatoumata Diallo, Youssouf Traore, Awa Traoré, Mamoudou Kodio, Lei Shi medRxiv 2025.11.28.25341186; doi: https://doi.org/10.1101/2025.11.28.25341186

LEAP-InovAND a multiscale resource to explore genetics, brain imaging and clinical data in autism

M. Fleury, Z. M. Mougin, C. S. Leblond, F. Cliquet, A. Mathieu, B. Oakley, A. Maruani, J.-M. de Saint Agathe, S. Korkmaz, R. Holt, A. Vitrac, F. Amsellem, A. Batut, G. Botton-Amiot, T. Rolland, E. Barthome, R. Bonicel, A. Beggiato, N. Lemière, A.-C. Tabet, J. Levy, C. Lehoucq, A. Ayrolles, C. A. Moreau, L. Colomar Molla, R. Toro, N. Traut, A. Lefebvre, D. L. Floris, G. Dumas, G. Huguet, S. Bonnot-Briey, F. Campana, J. Van Gils, V. Wang, J. Buratti, L. Jornea, S. Loiodice, S. Forlani, S. Fournier, D. Bacq-Daïan, R. Olaso, V. Meyer, B. Fin, AIMS2-2-Trials AReps group, A. Ghosh, M. Doherty, S. Li-Williams, InovAND group, EU-AIMS/AIMS-2-Trials LEAP group, J.-F. Deleuze, A. M. Persico, M. Leboyer, C. Gillberg, S. Bölte, C. Beckmann, C. Ecker, E. Jh Jones, V. Warrier, S. Baron-Cohen, T. Charman, E. Loth, J. K. Buitelaar, J. Tillmann, R. Delorme, D. Murphy, T. Bourgeron medRxiv 2025.11.24.25340858; doi: https://doi.org/10.1101/2025.11.24.25340858 Revision

OSF Pre-prints

https://osf.io/preprints/discover?provider=OSF&subject=bepress%7 CLife%20Sciences
[Filter: OSF Pre-prints Subject filters: Medicine and Health Sciences Format Filter: Pre-prints]
[No new digest content identified]

Wellcome Open Research

https://wellcomeopenresearch.org/browse/articles [Accessed 06 Dec 2025] Study Protocol Open Access

Study protocol: Effectiveness of the maternal RSVpreF vaccine by virus type

[version 1; peer review: awaiting peer review]

Anna Mensah, et al.

Abstract

Background

Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) is a virus with two antigenic types, A and B, that cause significant morbidity and mortality in infants globally. A recently developed maternal vaccination based on the prefusion F protein ("RSVpreF") could have a significant impact on disease burden, if introduced globally. Whether or not the effectiveness of this vaccine is affected by circulating viral genomic variability is currently unknown.

Objectives

To examine whether the vaccine effectiveness of maternal RSVpreF administration in preventing hospitalisation in infants is affected by RSV type or lineage.

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Think Tanks

Brookings [to 06 Dec 2025] http://www.brookings.edu/ Research, Events Regulatory Policy

<u>Tracking regulatory changes in the second Trump administration</u>

December 3, 20

Center for Global Development [06 Dec 2025]

https://www.cgd ev.org/ All Research Research, Events No new digest content identified.

Chatham House [to 06 Dec 2025]

https://www.chathamhouse.org/ Selected Analysis, Comment, Events No new digest content identified.

Council on Foreign Relations [06 Dec 2025]

https://www.cfr.org/media/news-releases New Releases [Selected] No new digest content identified.

CSIS [06 Dec 2025]
https://www.csis.org/
Reports [Selected]
No new digest content identified.

McKinsey Global Institute [to 06 Dec 2025]

https://www.mckinsey.com/mgi/overview
Featured Research
No new digest content identified.

ODI [Overseas Development Institute] [to 06 Dec 2025] https://odi.org/en/publications/
Publications [Selected]
No new digest content identified.

Pew Research Center [to 06 Dec 2025]

https://www.pewresearch.org/ Latest Publications fact sheet Dec 4, 2025

Public Trust in Government: 1958-2025

While trust in government has been low for decades, the current measure is one of the lowest in the nearly seven decades since the question was first asked by the National Election Study, and it is lower than it was last year (22%).

short reads Dec 1, 2025

Where most people trust others and where they don't around the world

Trust tends to be higher in the high-income countries surveyed than in the middle-income ones.

Rand [to 06 Dec 2025] https://www.rand.org/pubs.html Published Research [Selected] Research Dec 1, 2025

<u>Strategies to Improve Detection of Novel Pandemic Pathogens: Cost Versus Detection</u> Performance for Promising Pathogen-Agnostic Detection Workflows

To inform decisions that enable the next generation of biosurveillance systems to rapidly detect outbreaks of novel pathogens, the authors evaluated the cost and detection performance of three promising pathogen-agnostic detection strategies.

Research Dec 1, 2025

<u>Mapping the Informal Bioeconomy: Assessing the Current Landscape and Opportunities for</u> Reinforcing Biosafety and Biosecurity

The rapid growth of biotechnology research has resulted in a powerful ecosystem known as the bioeconomy. In this report, the authors seek to map and evaluate the informal bioeconomy from a biosecurity perspective.

Urban Institute [to 06 Dec 2025] https://www.urban.org/research New Research Publications - Selected No new digest content identified.

World Economic Forum [to 06 Dec 2025]

https://agenda.weforum.org/press/ Media [Selected] No new digest content identified.

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Public Consultations/Call for Inputs/Call for Papers

Malaria: Developing Drugs for Treatment; Draft Guidance for Industry; Availability

A Notice by the Food and Drug Administration on 09/23/2025. **Comment period ends 12/22/2025.** Docket No. FDA-2025-D-0918

Background

FDA is announcing the availability of a draft guidance for industry entitled "Malaria: Developing Drugs for Treatment." The purpose of this draft guidance is to assist sponsors in the overall development program for drug and biological products for the treatment of malaria, caused by clinically relevant Plasmodium species. Specifically, this draft guidance is intended to serve as a focus for continued discussions on the design of malaria treatment trials among the Agency, pharmaceutical sponsors, the academic community, and the public.

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Vaccines and Global Health: The Week in Review is a service of the Center for Vaccine Ethics and Policy (<u>CVEP</u>) / GE2P2 Global Foundation, which is solely responsible for its content.

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Support is also provided by a growing list of individuals who use this membership service to support their roles in public health, clinical practice, government, NGOs and other international institutions, academia and research organizations, and industry.